

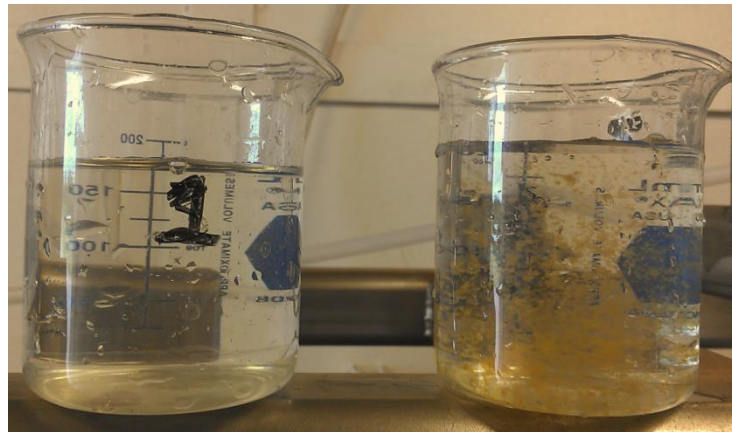
WWOA Annual Meeting
October 7, 2014

Right sizing of Low Level P Technologies

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Marten, PE, BCEE
Donohue & Associates

Introduction

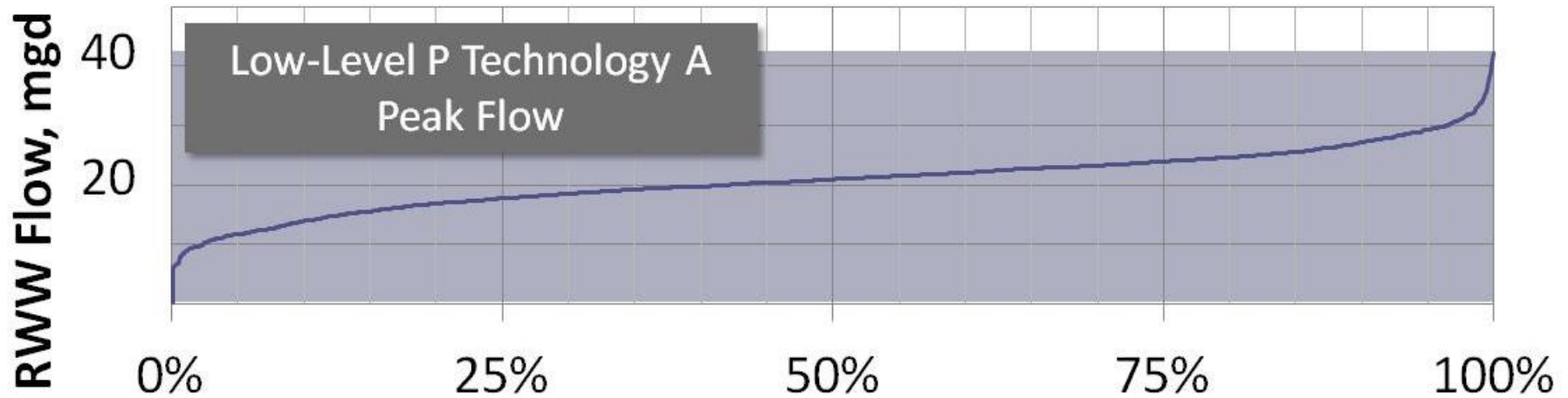
- Typical new WI WQBEL for Impaired Waters
 - 0.075 mg/L six month seasonal limit
 - 0.225 mg/L monthly limit
- Effluent P Mainly in Solids (Chemical or Biological)
- Low P Technology used to Reach Low TSS and P



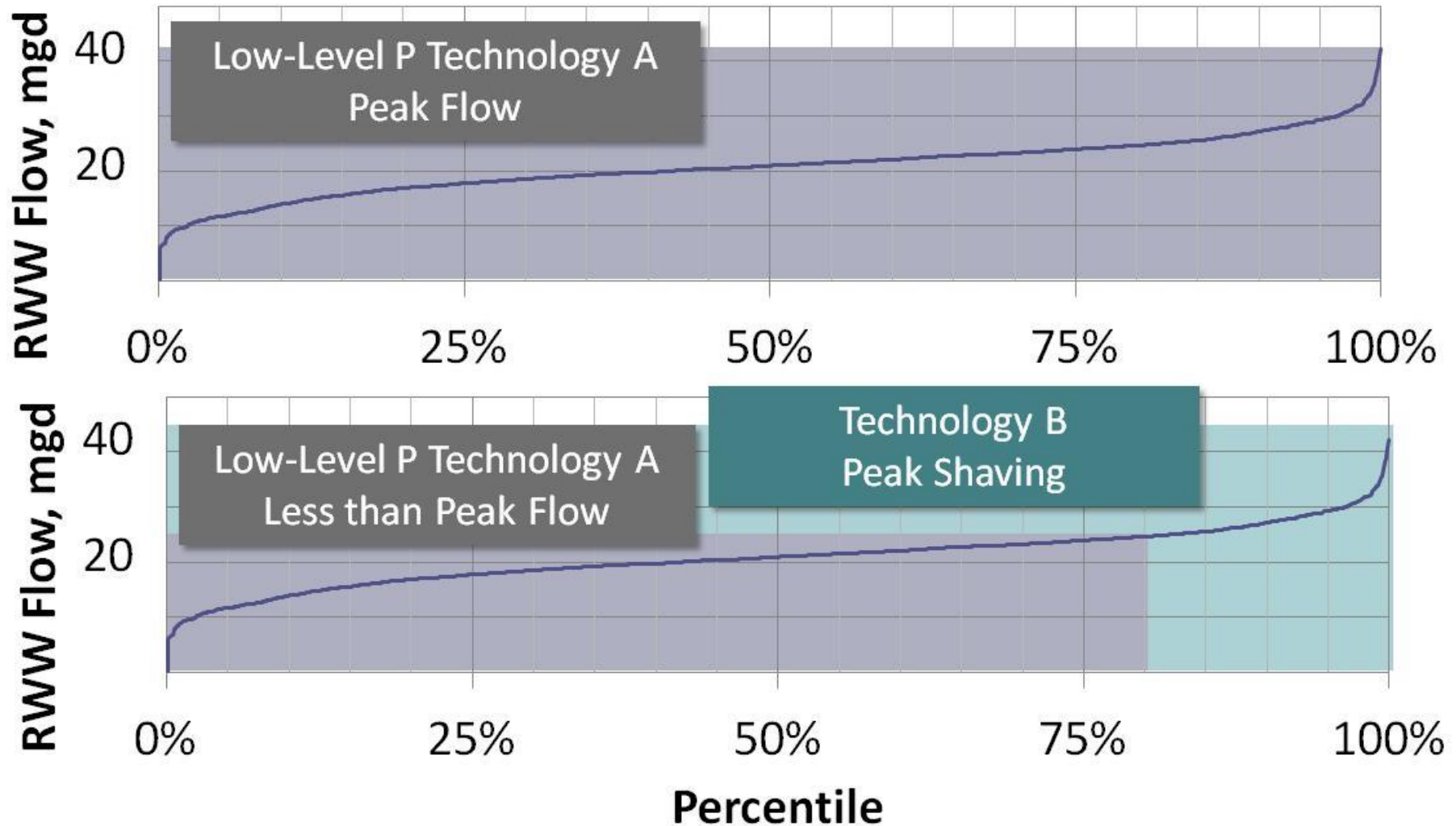


how big is big enough?

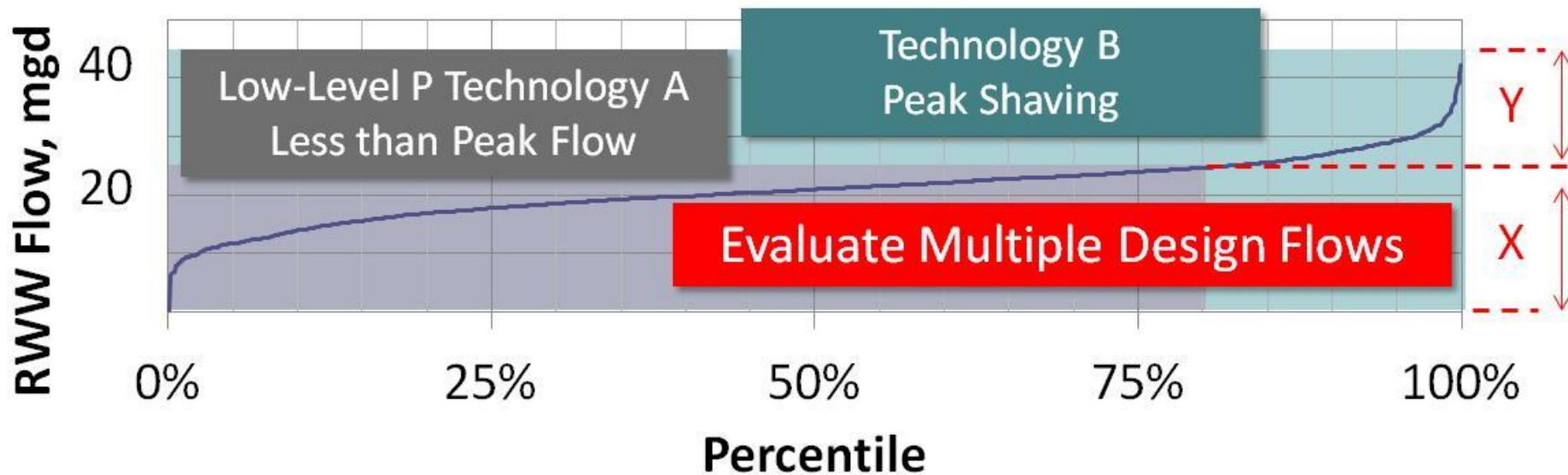
Conservative Sizing



Right Sizing



Right Sizing

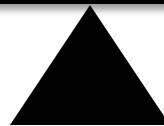


Finding a Balance

Technology A
Low-Level P Tertiary Process
Higher Cost Alternative

Technology B
Optimized Existing Processes
Lower Cost Alternative

Permit Compliance = Tech A + Tech B
Strike the “Right” Balance





how low can we get?

Disc Filtration

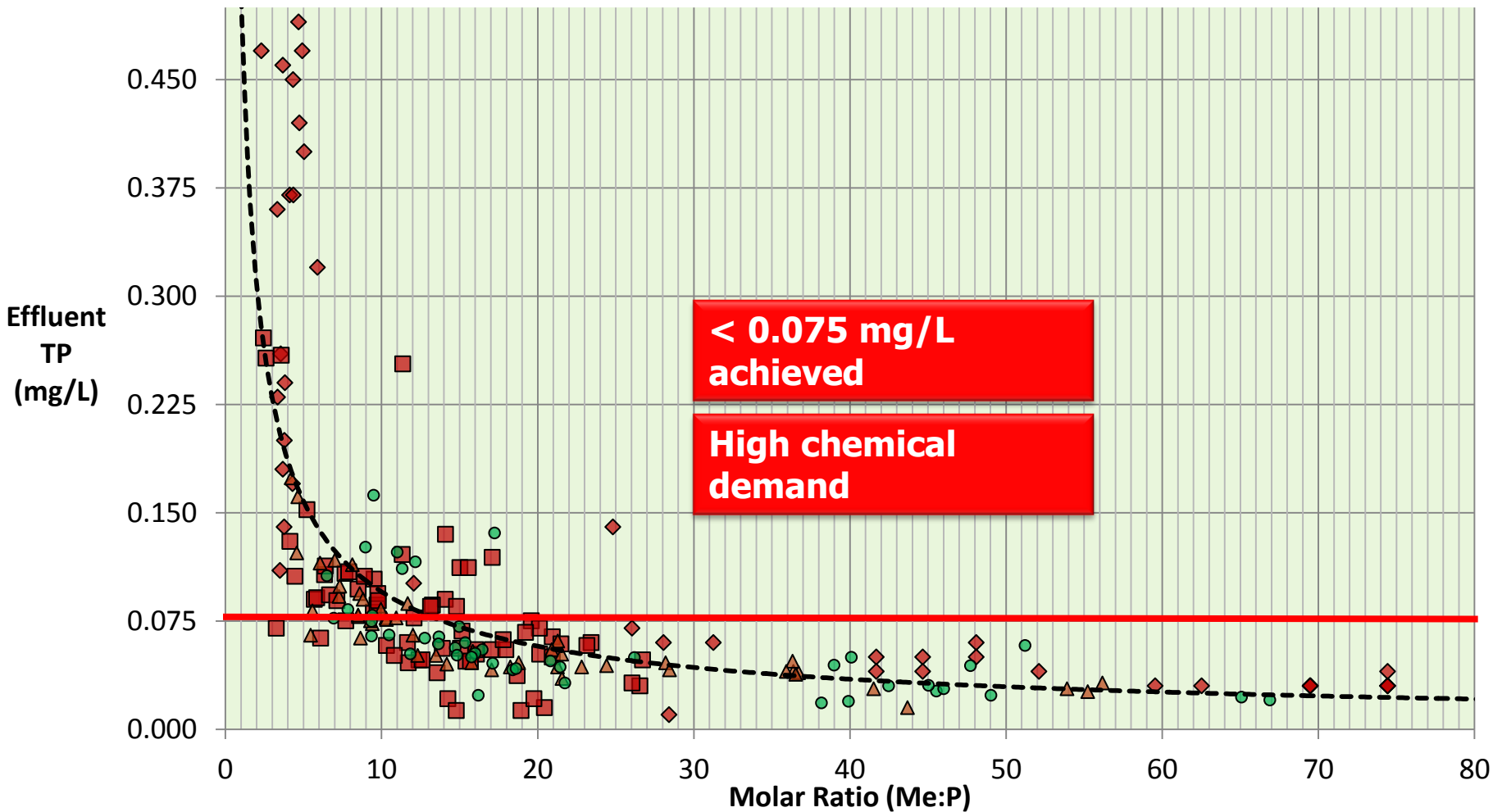


**Sun Prairie
Brookfield
Stevens Point
HOV
Beloit**

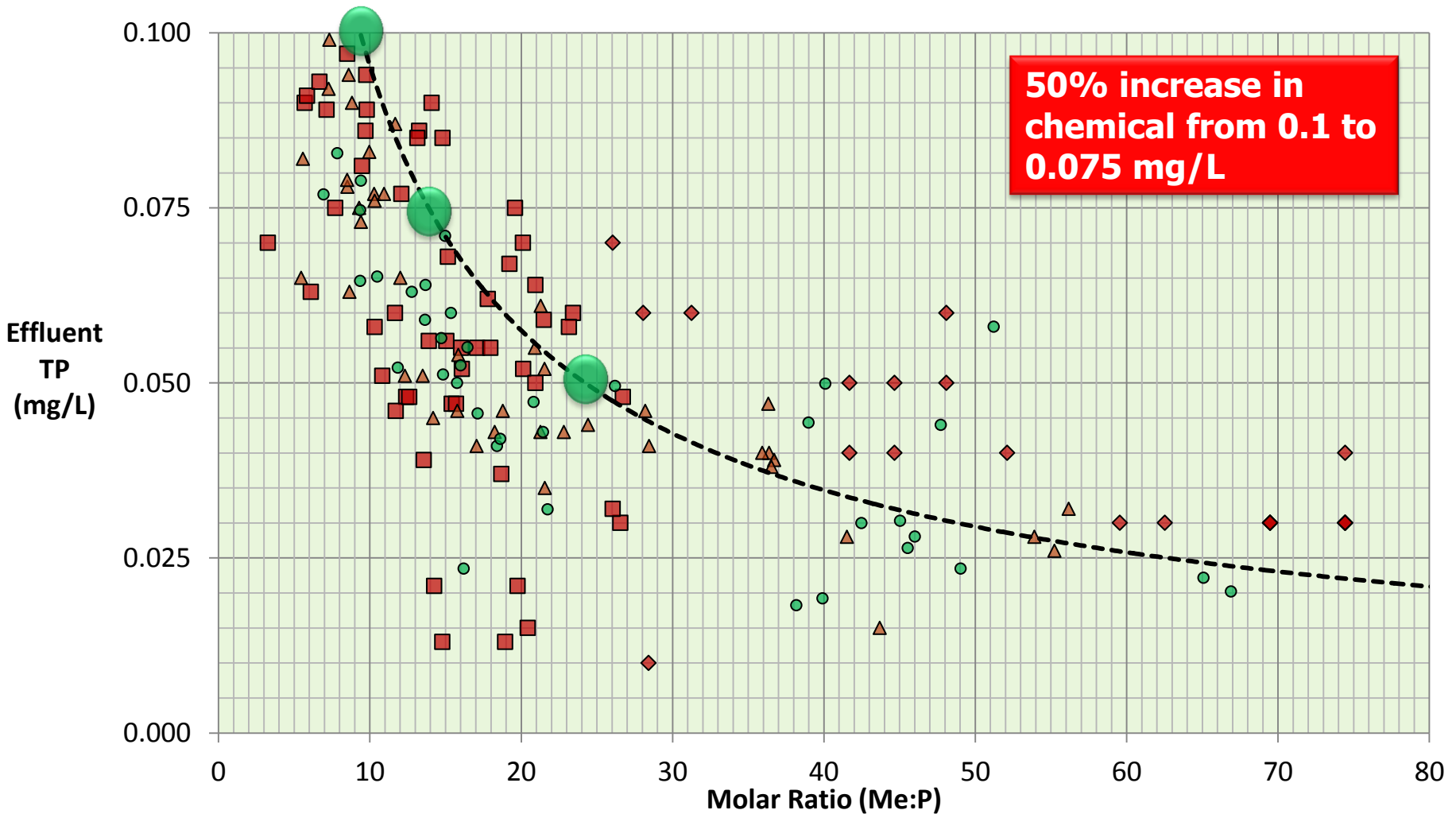


**Brookfield
Beloit
Sheboygan**

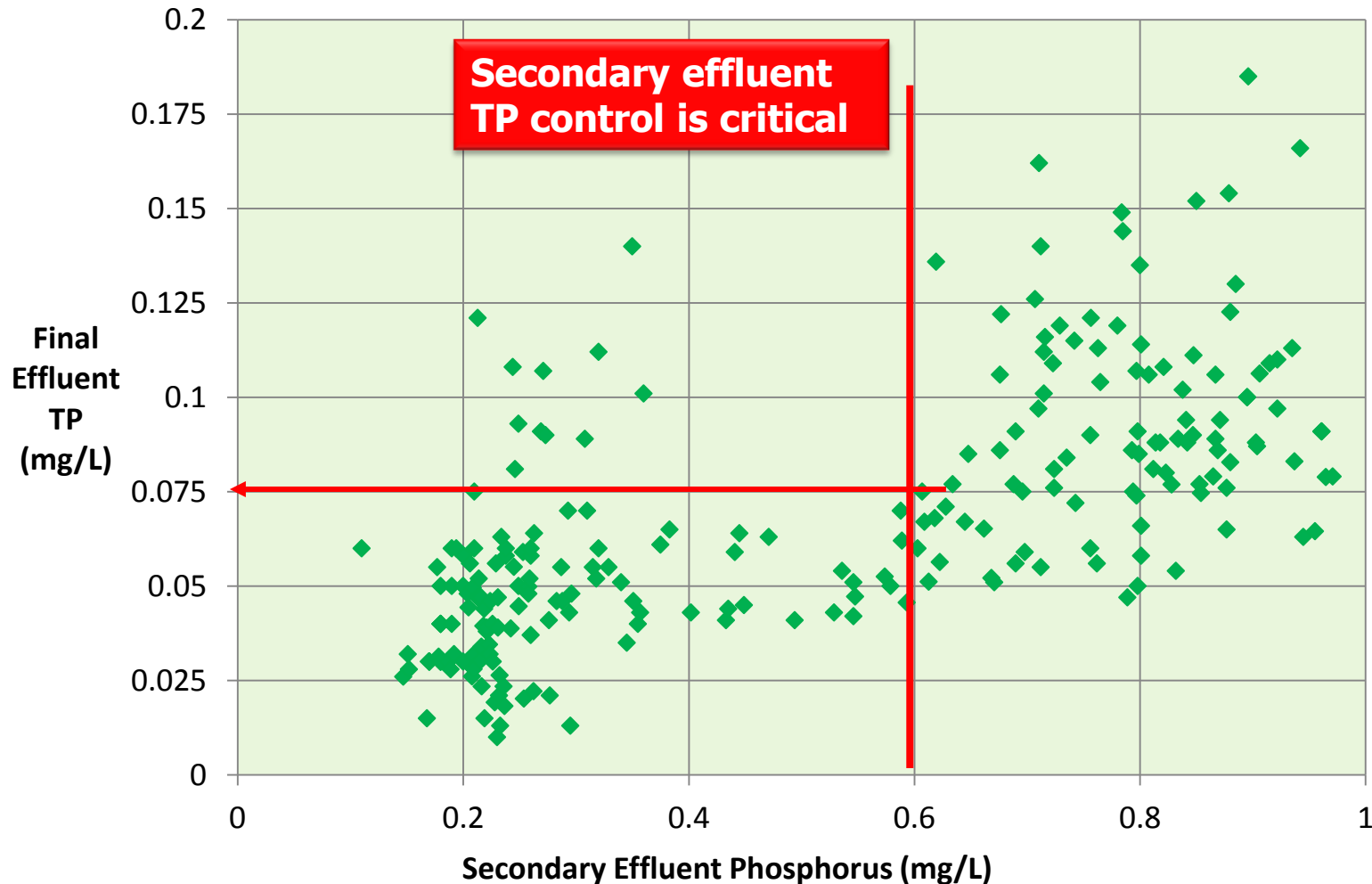
Low P Testing



Low P Testing



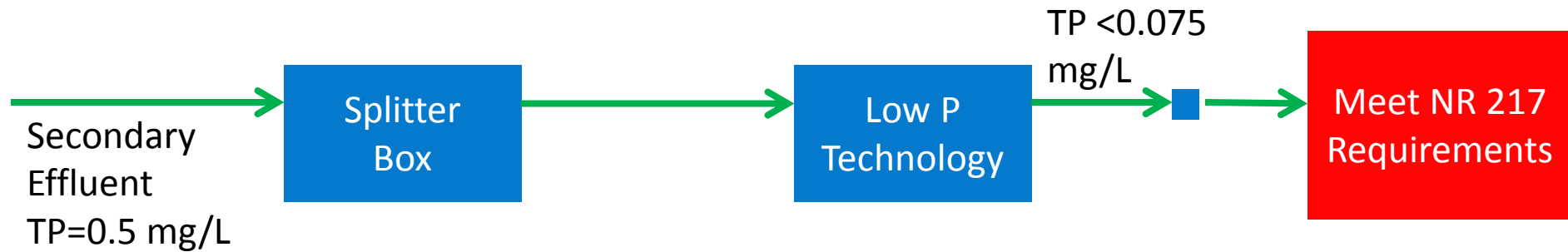
Low P Testing: A Side Note...



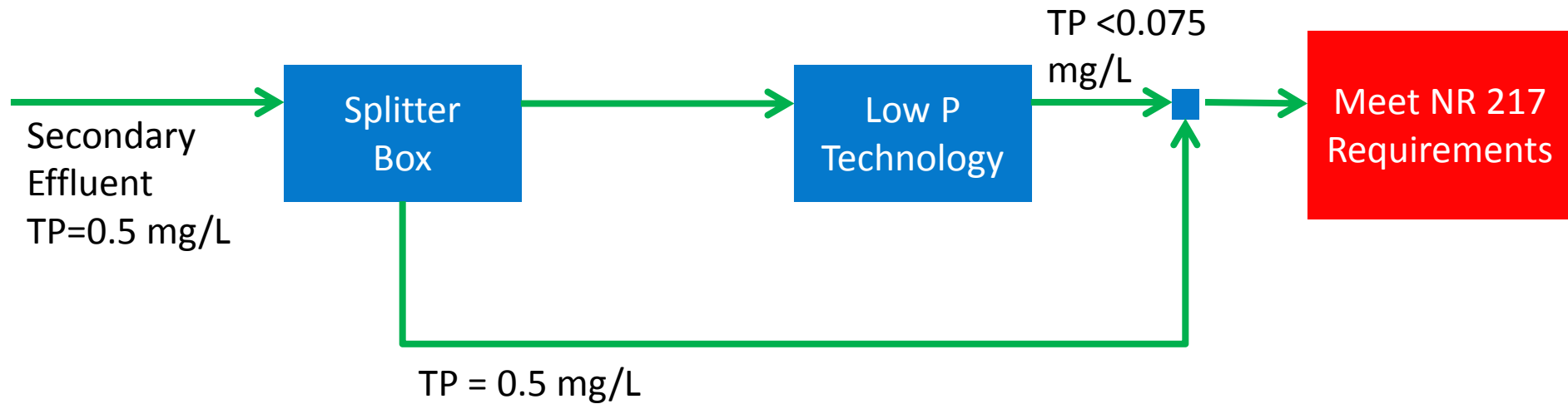


why does this matter?

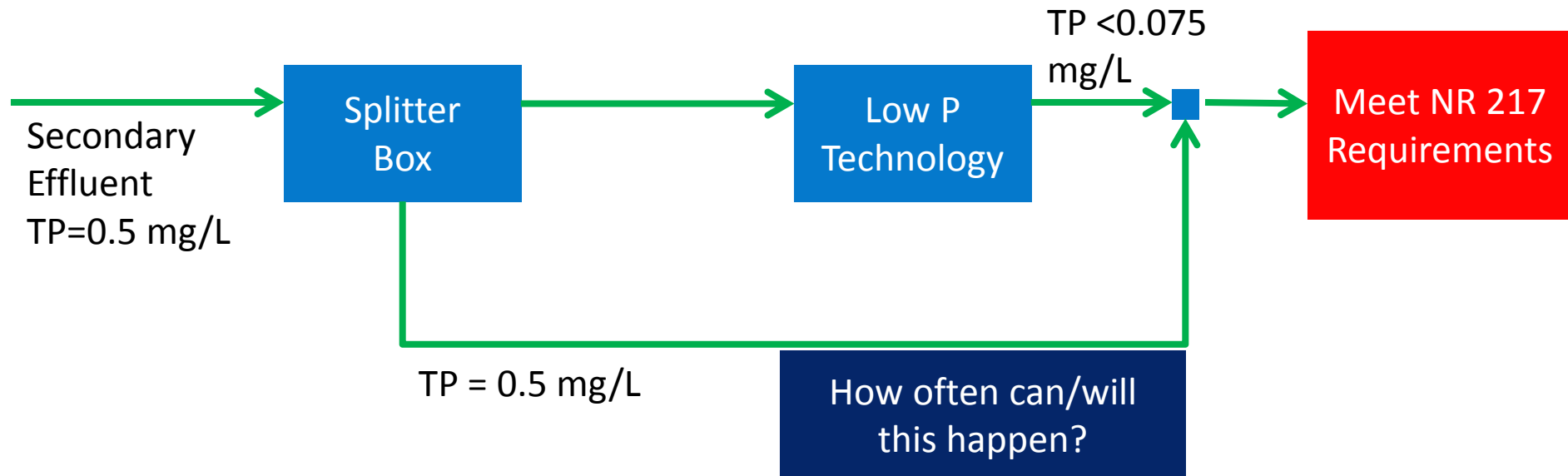
Mass Balance



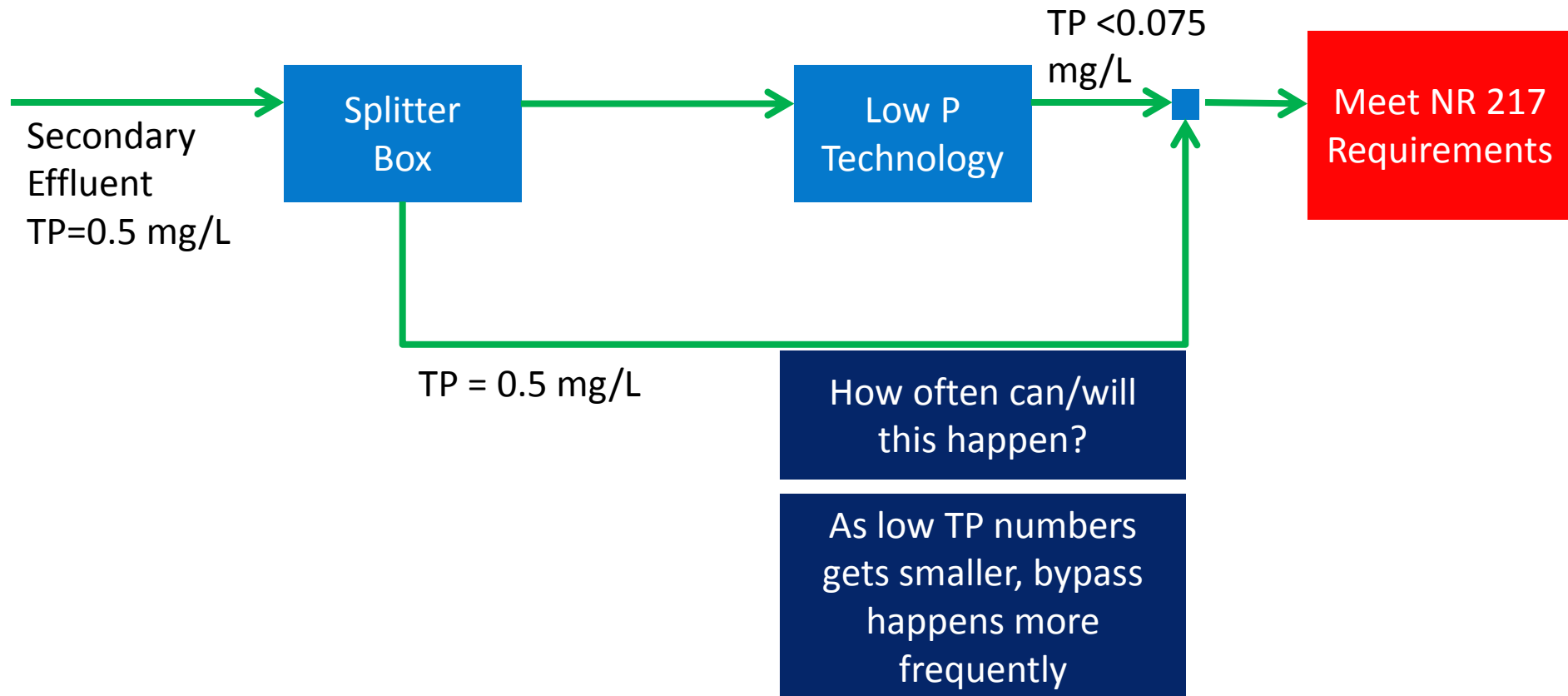
Mass Balance



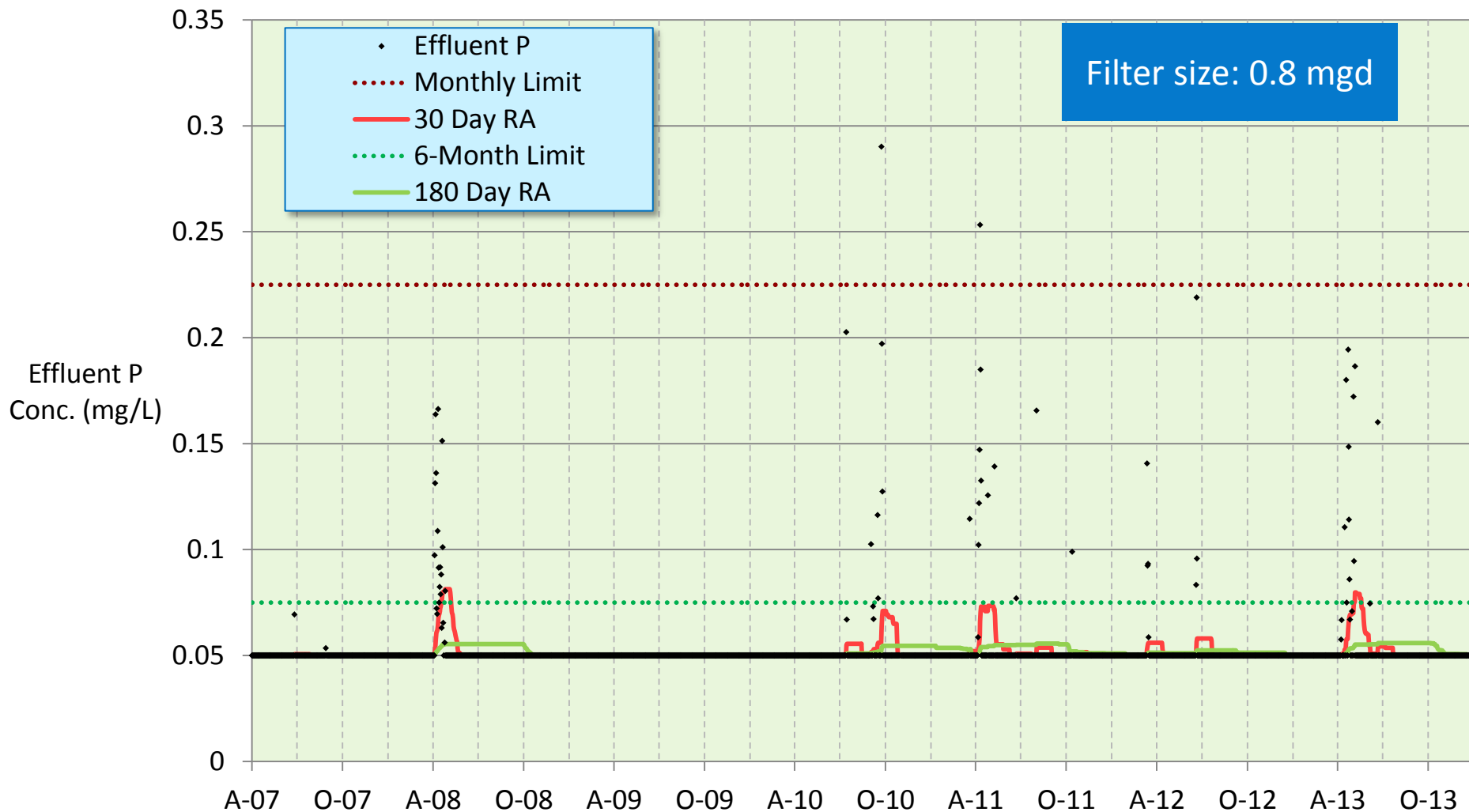
Mass Balance



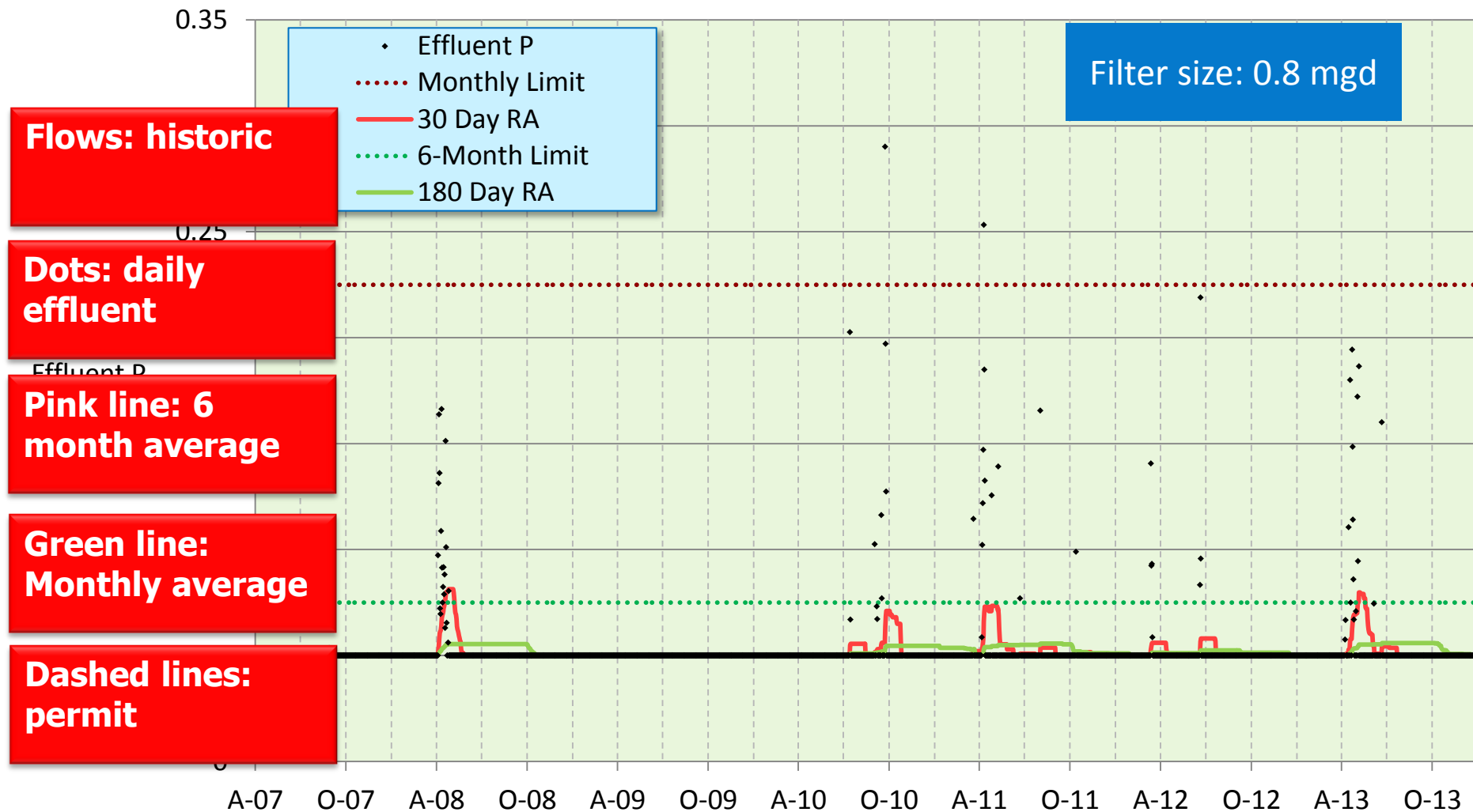
Mass Balance



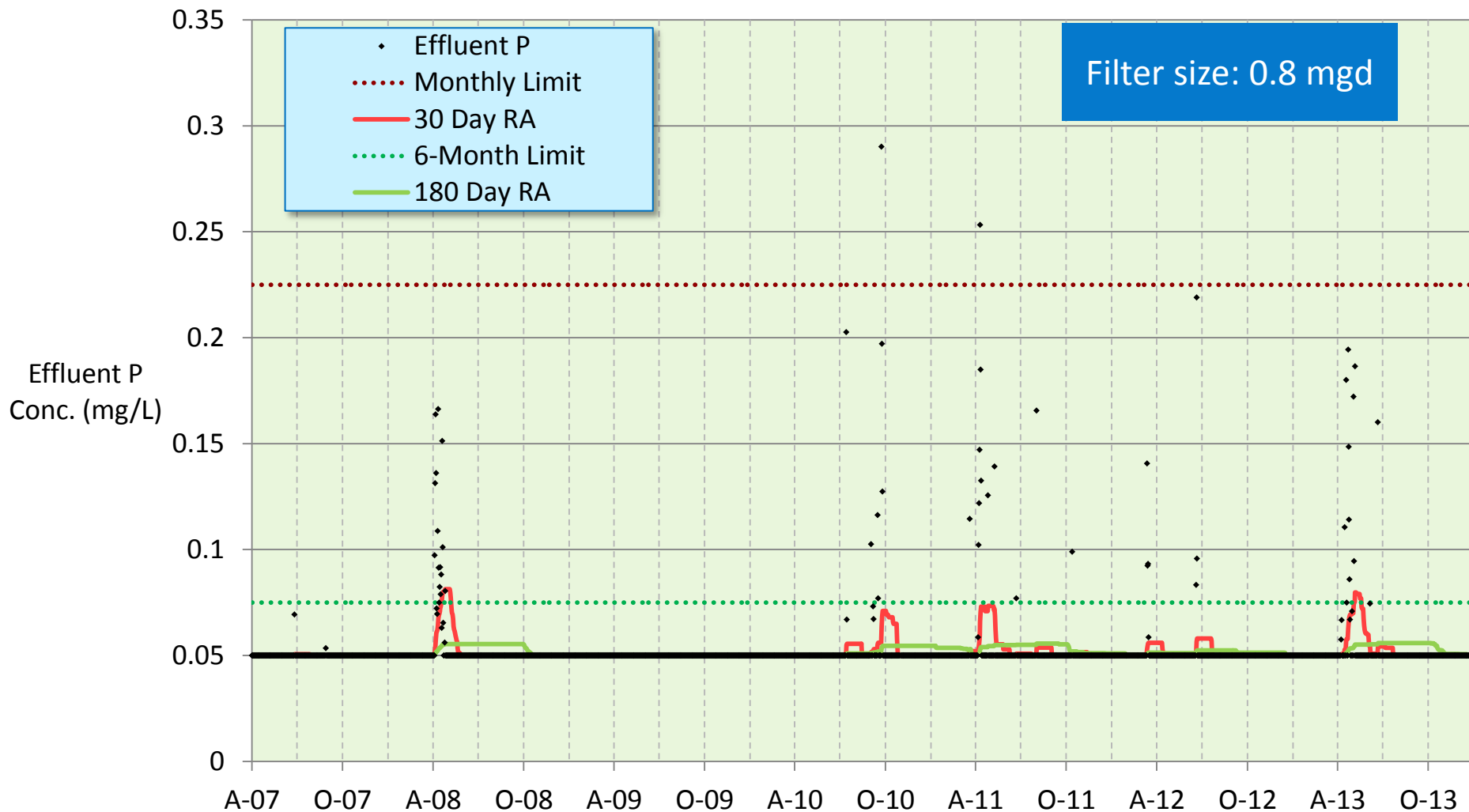
Low P Technology = 0.05 mg/L



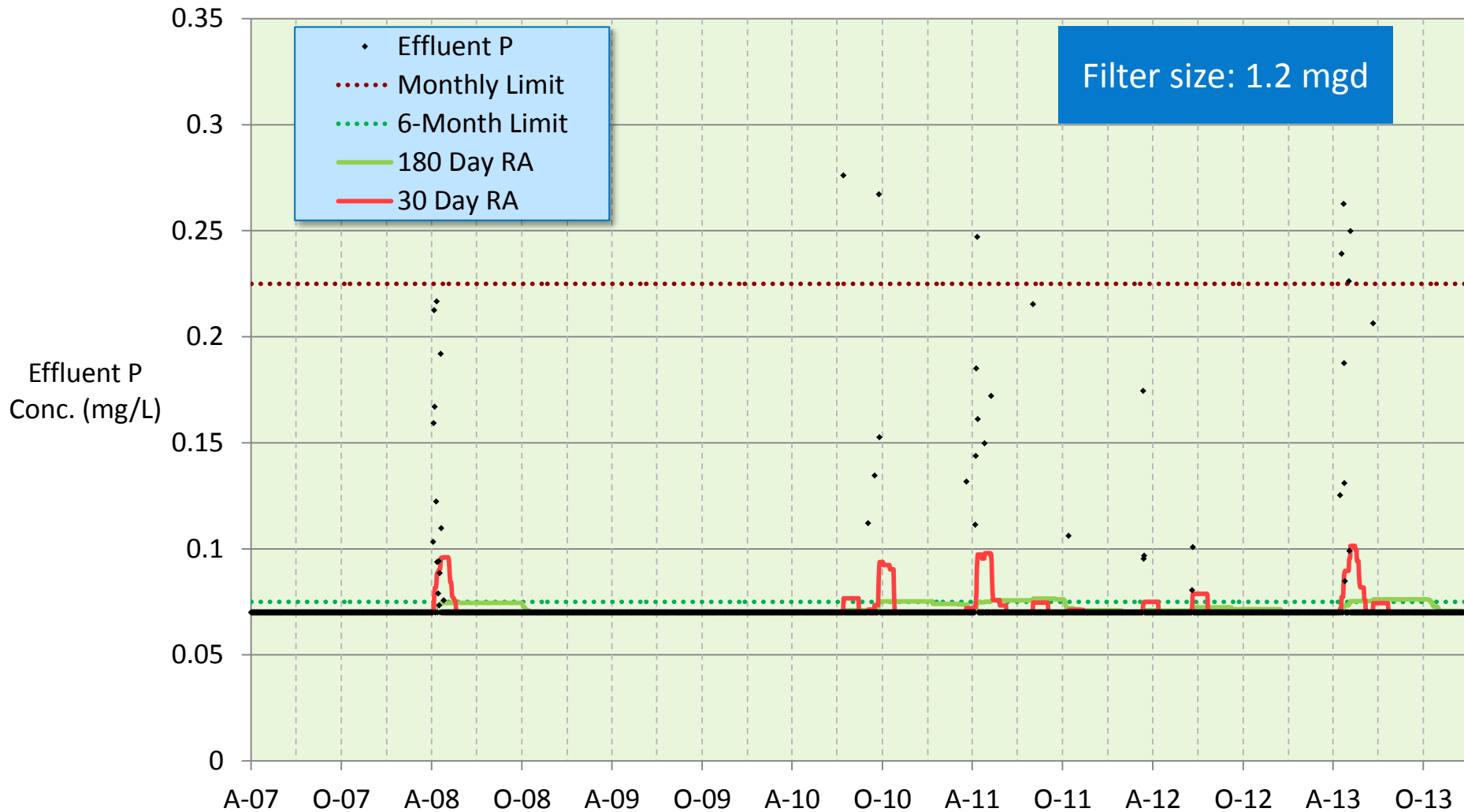
Low P Technology = 0.05 mg/L



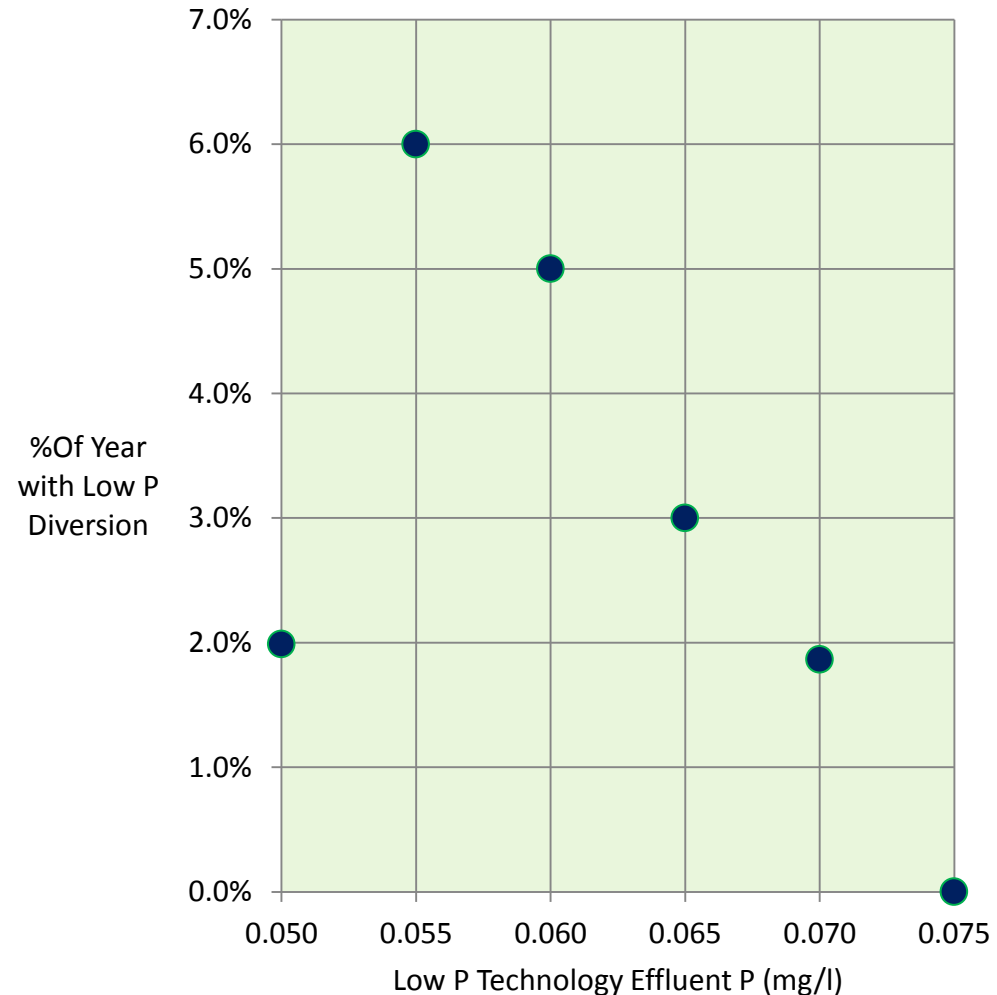
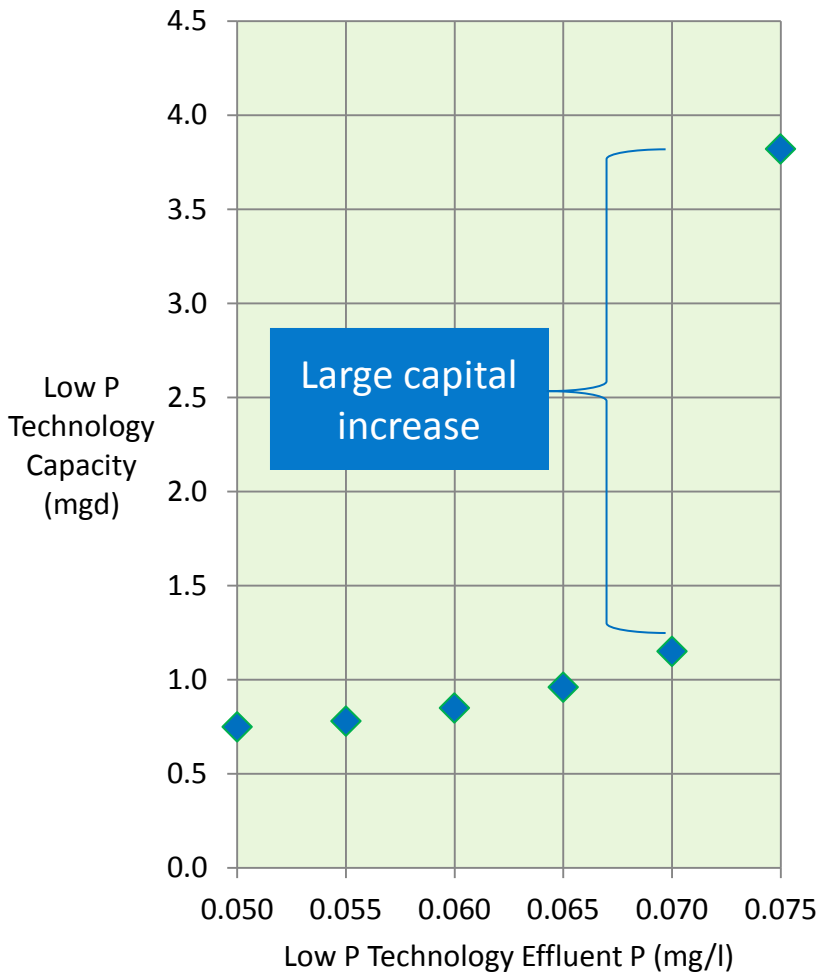
Low P Technology = 0.05 mg/L



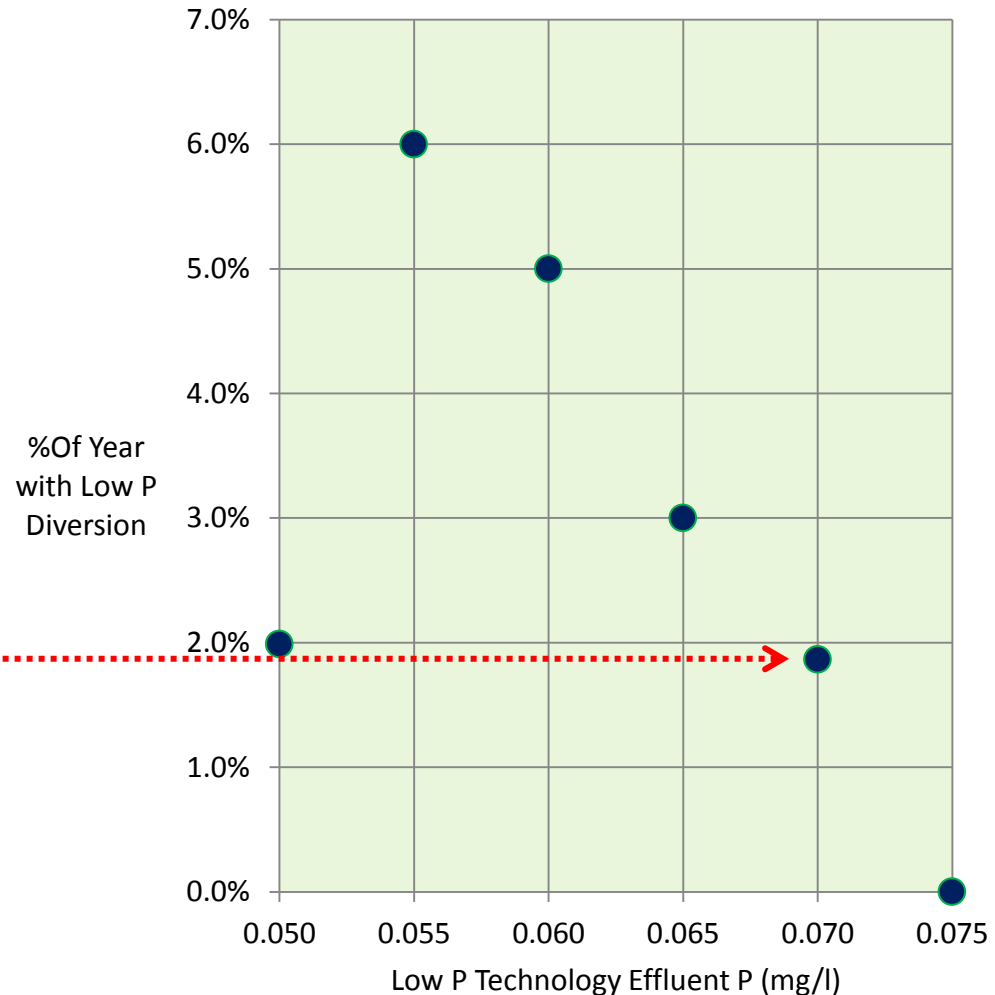
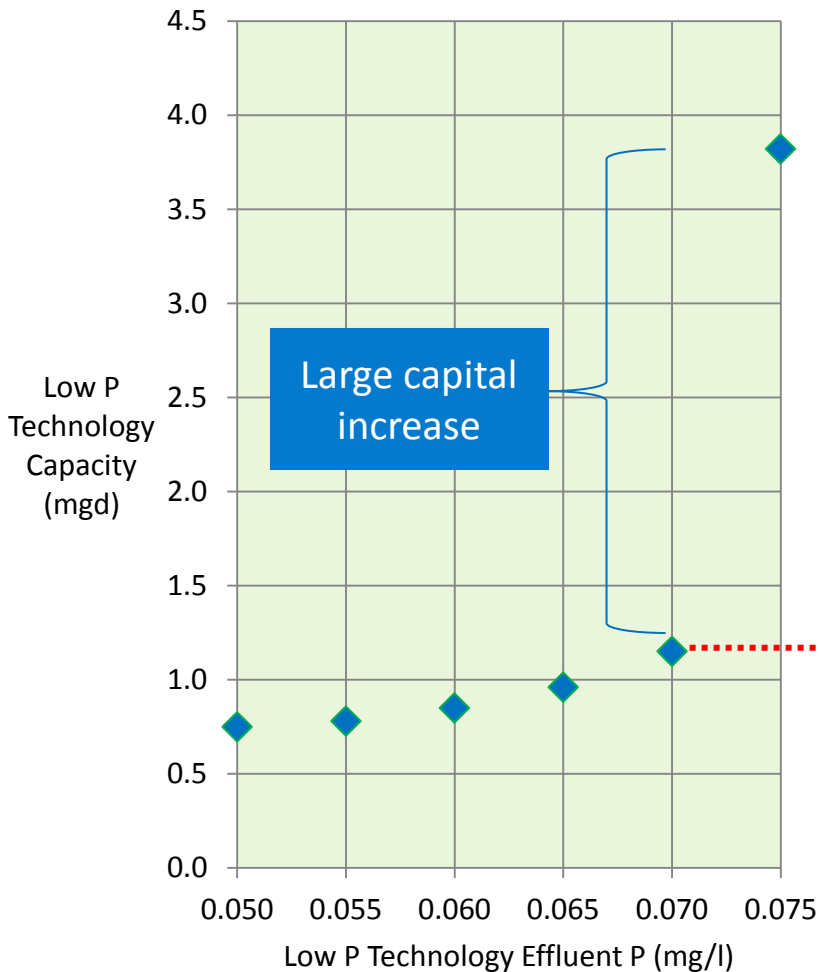
Low P Technology = 0.07 mg/L



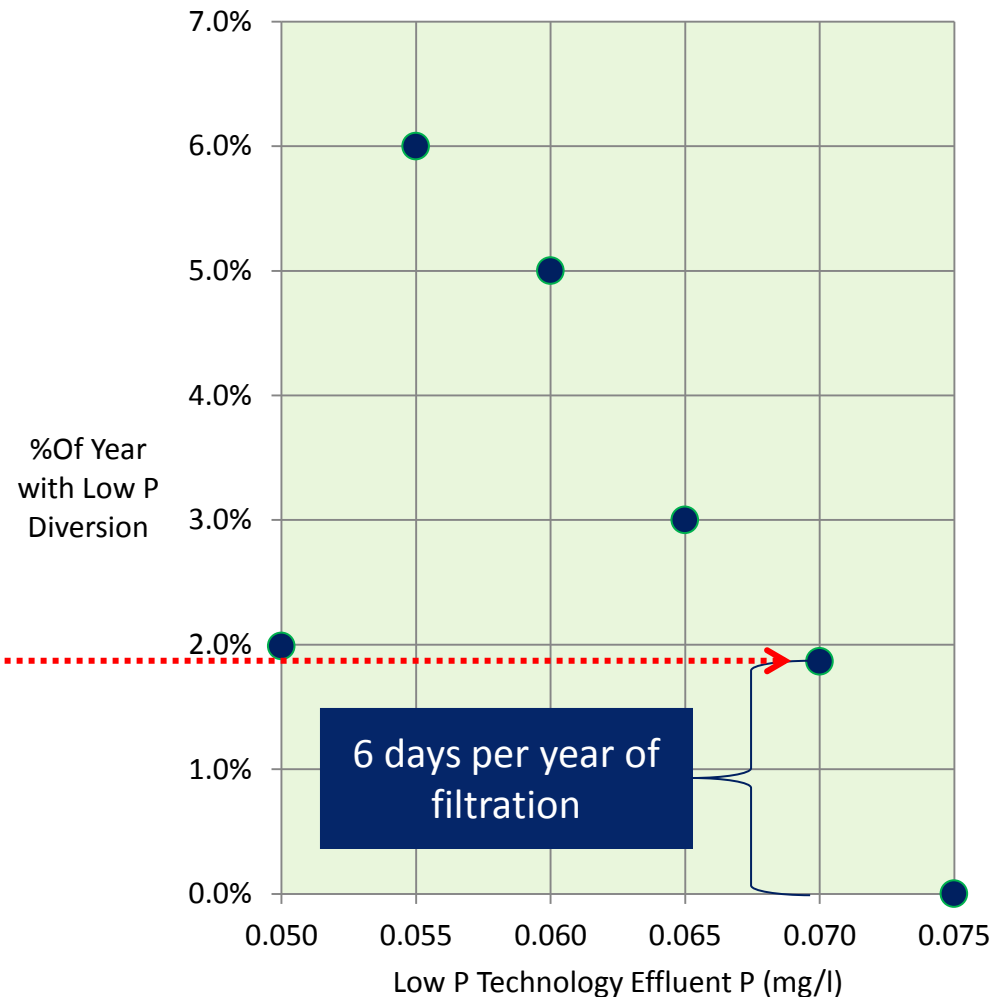
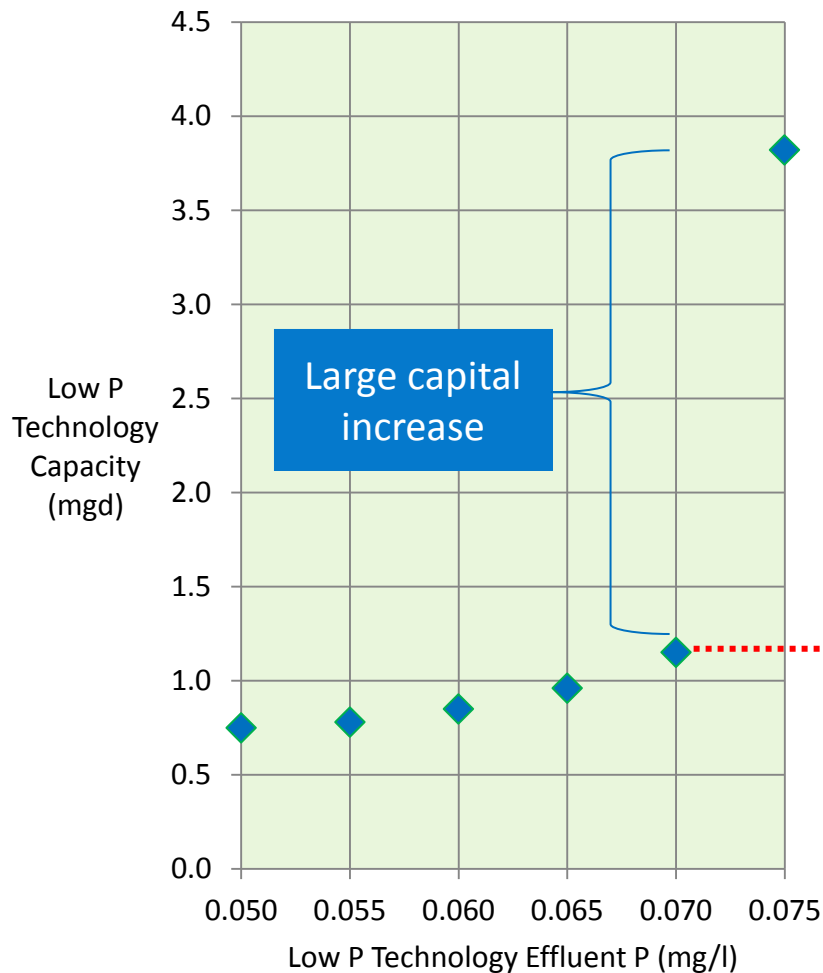
Low P Technology Impact



Low P Technology Impact



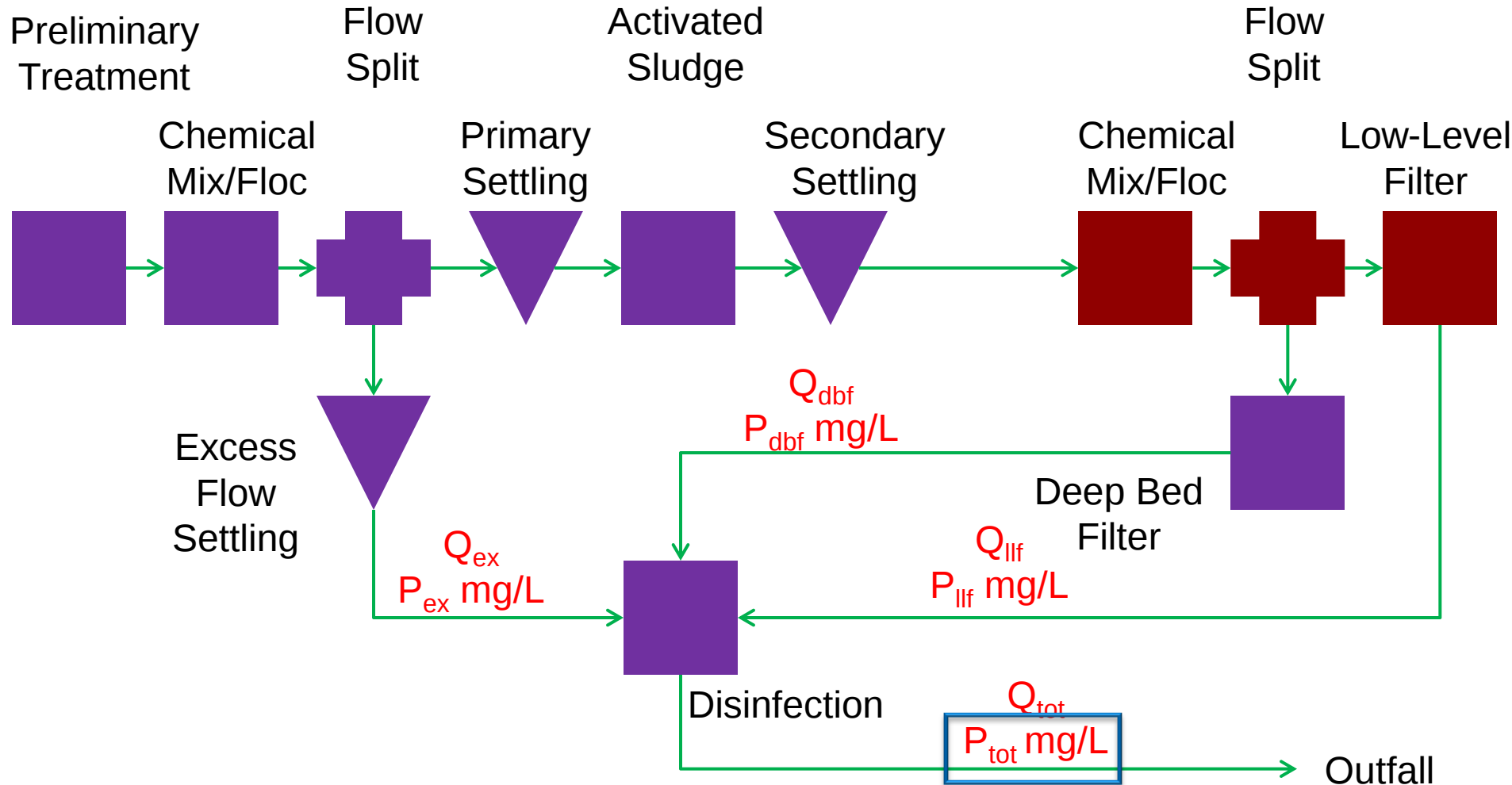
Low P Technology Impact



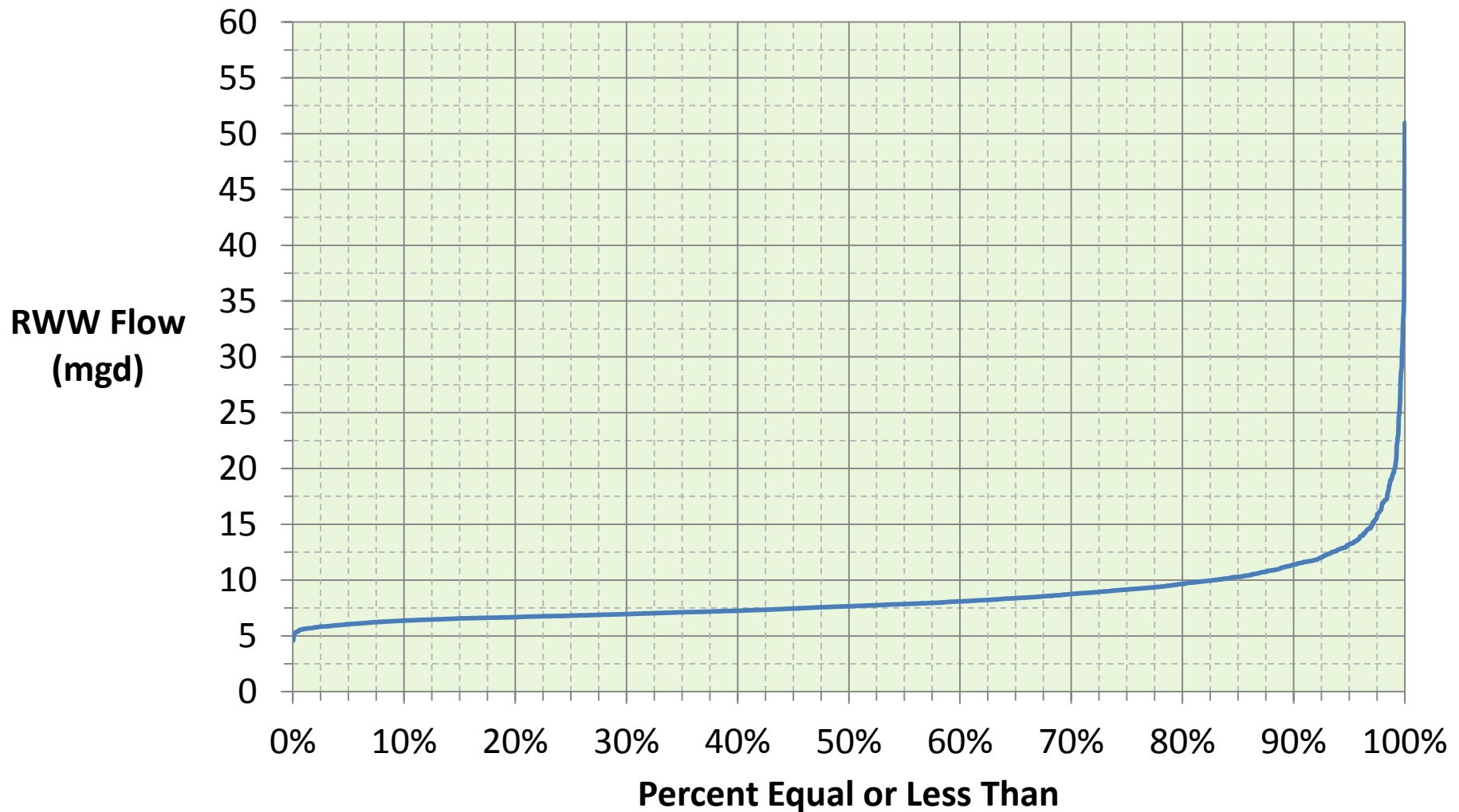


examples

Proposed Brookfield Flow Diagram



2005-2012 Brookfield Daily Flow Distribution



Mass Balance Approach

➤ $Q_{\text{tot}} P_{\text{tot}} = Q_{\text{ex}} P_{\text{ex}} + Q_{\text{dbf}} P_{\text{dbf}} + Q_{\text{llf}} P_{\text{llf}}$

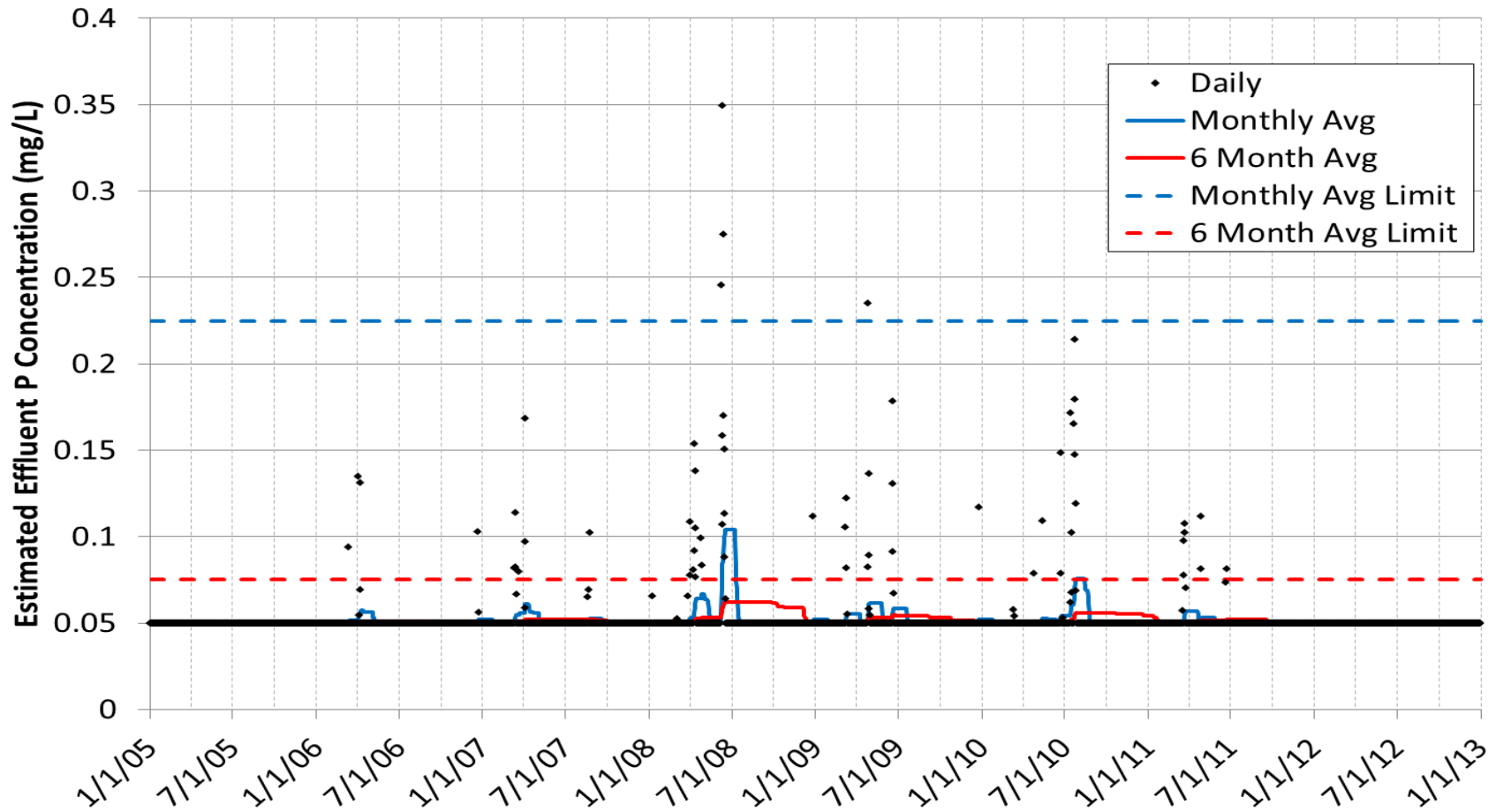
➤ Assign Flow Rates

- New Low-Level Filters treat flows up to 15 mgd (97.5% of daily flows)
- Existing Deep Bed Filters treat flows from 15 – 31.2 mgd (16.2 mgd capacity)
- Flows over 31.2 mgd are sent through excess flow clarifiers.

➤ For each day $Q_{\text{tot}} P_{\text{tot}} = Q_{\text{ex}} P_{\text{ex}} + Q_{\text{dbf}} P_{\text{dbf}} + Q_{\text{llf}} P_{\text{llf}}$

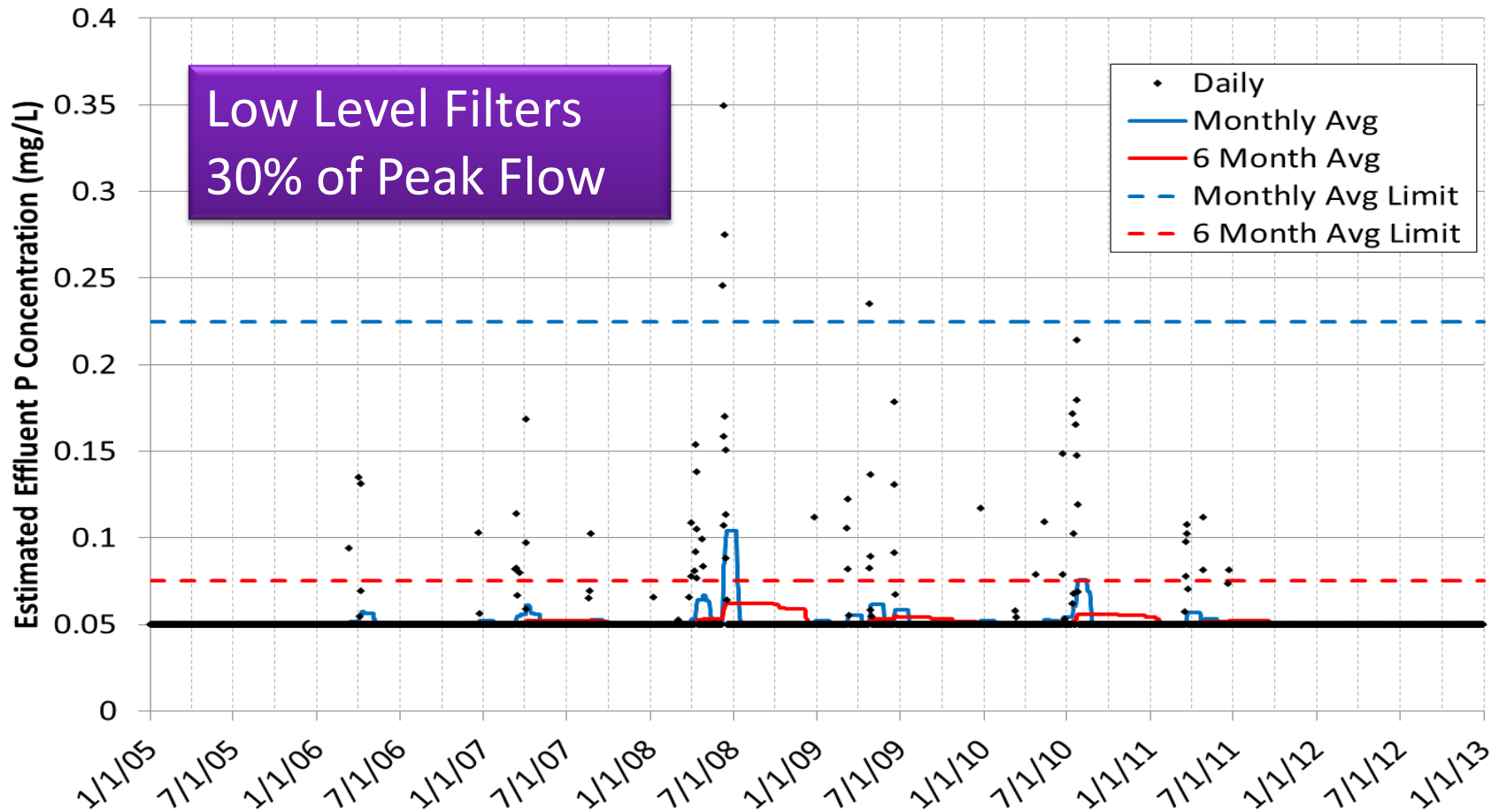
Daily Mass Balance

15 mgd Disc Filters at 0.05 mg/L P
and 16.2 mgd DBF at 0.3 mg/L P



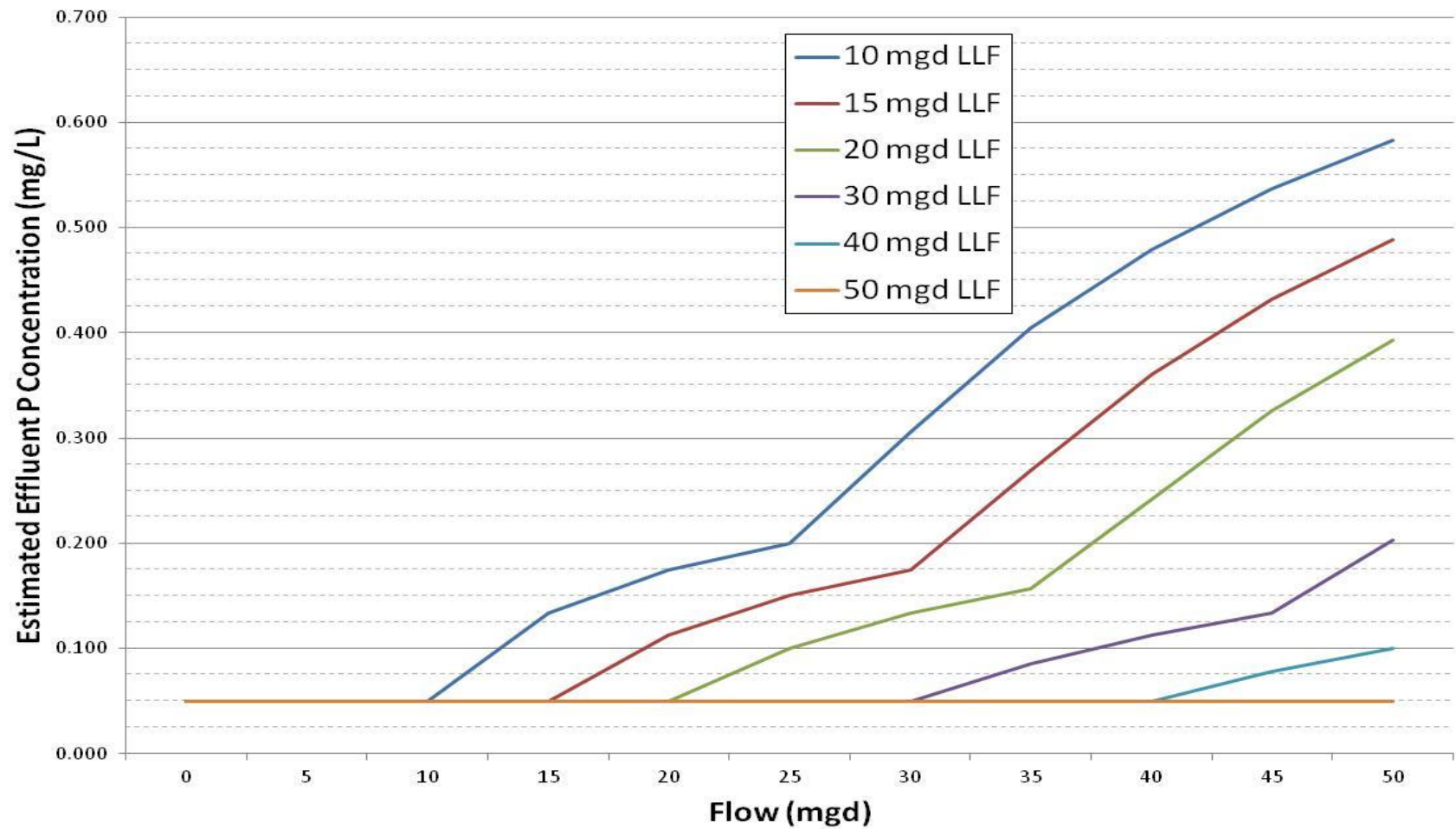
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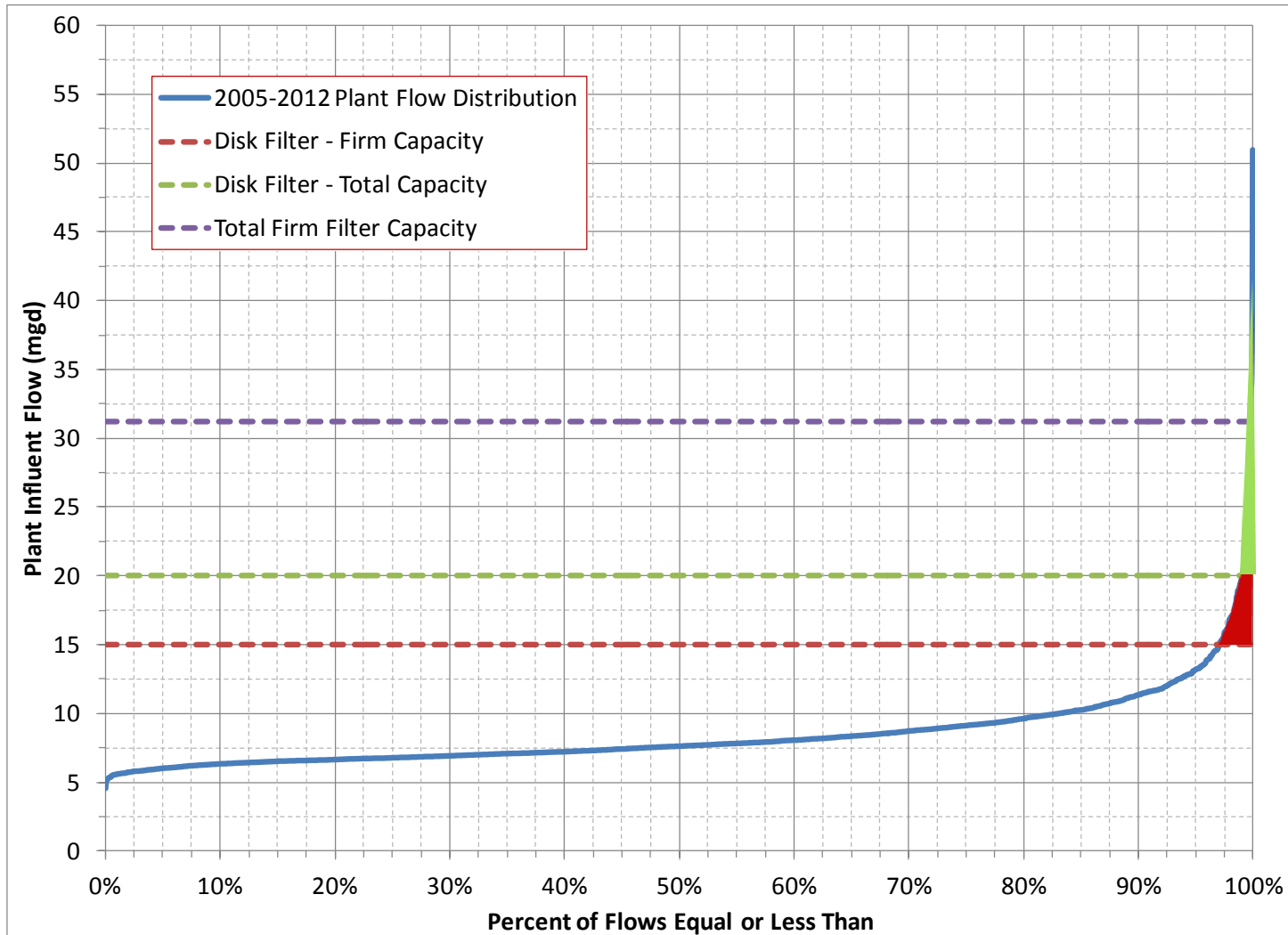


Sensitivity

Effluent P with Varying Low-Level Filter Capacity

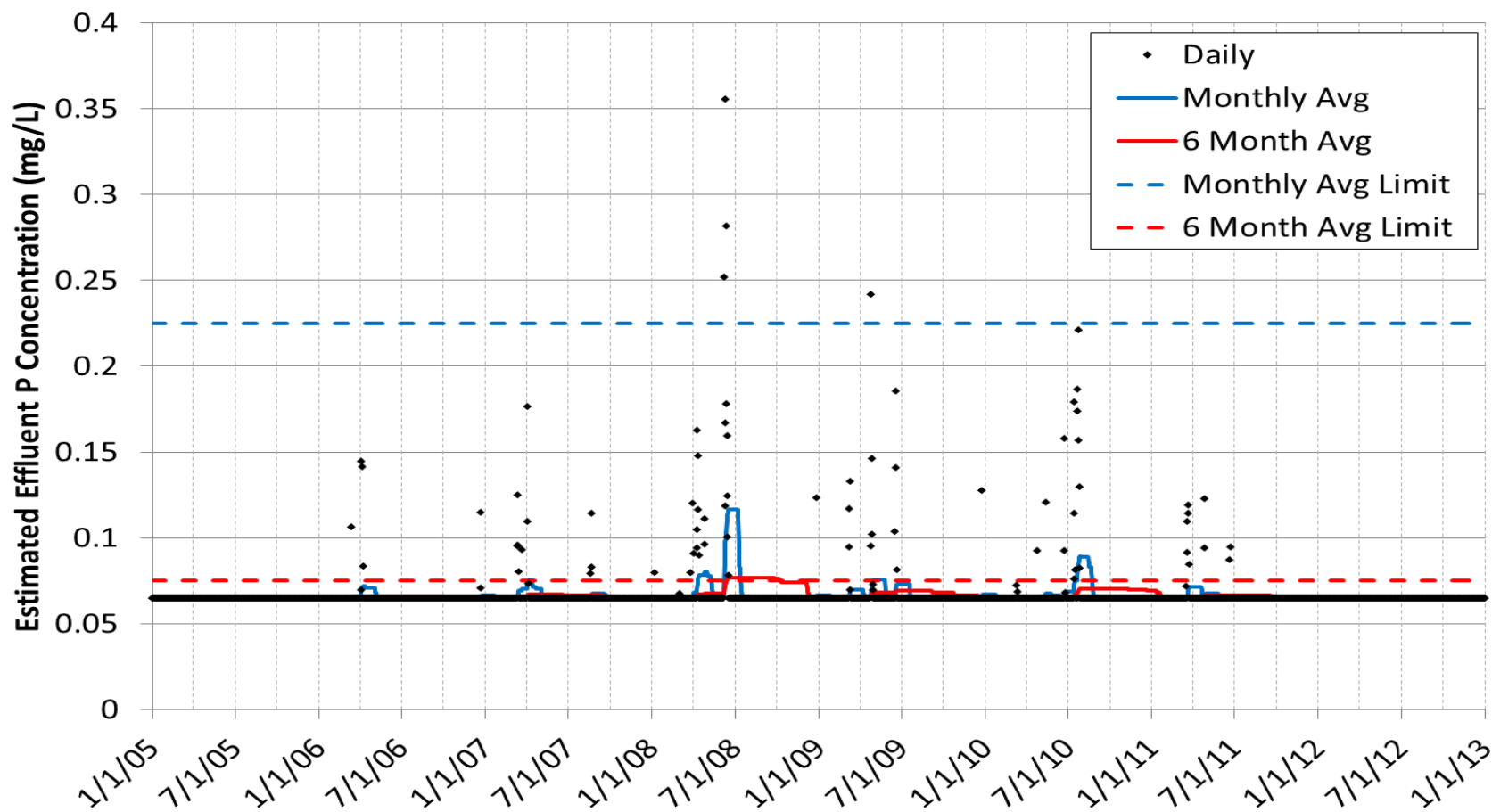


Filter Capacity



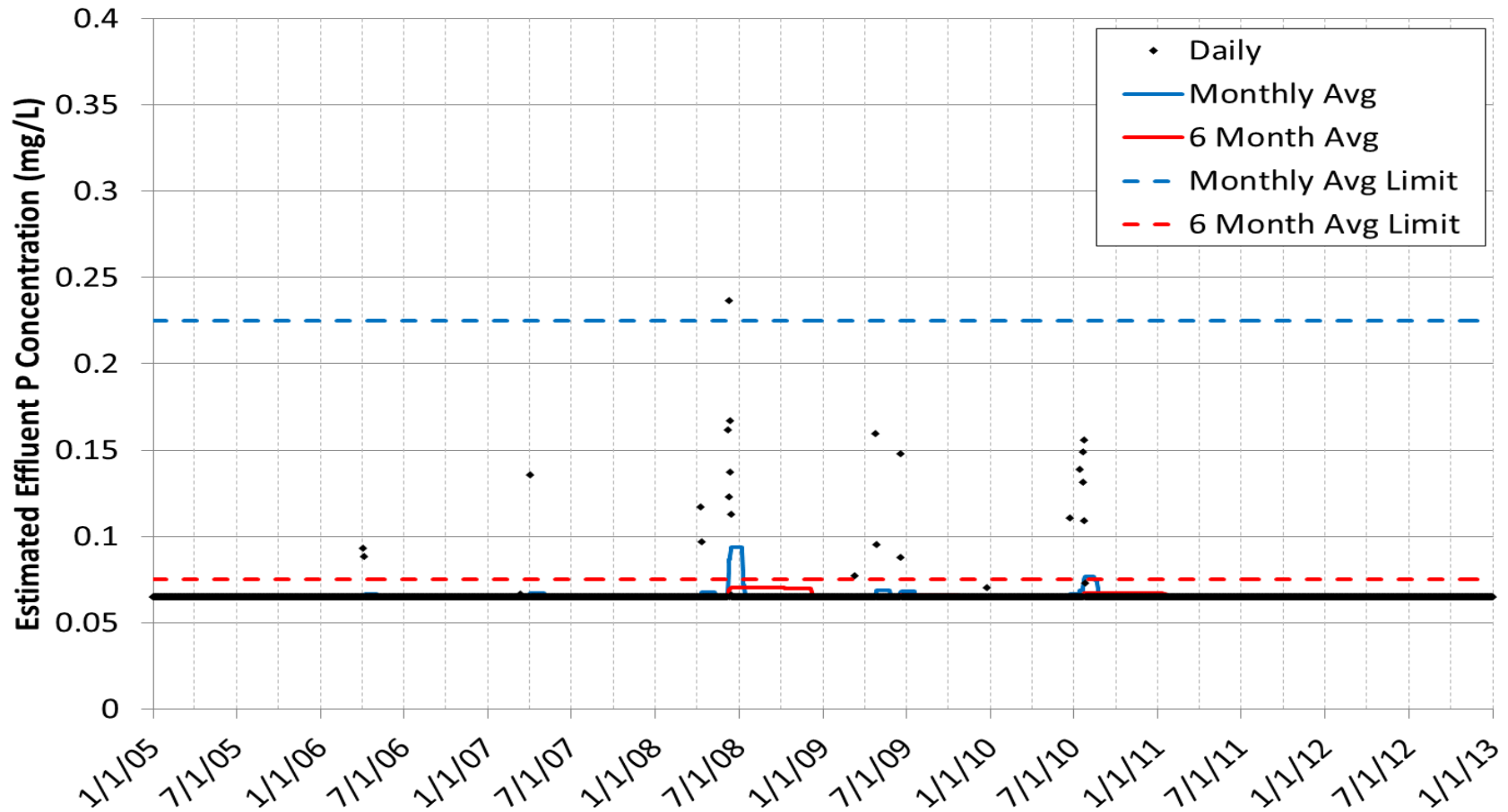
Daily Mass Balance

15 mgd Disc Filters at 0.065 mg/L P
and 16.2 mgd DBF at 0.3 mg/L P



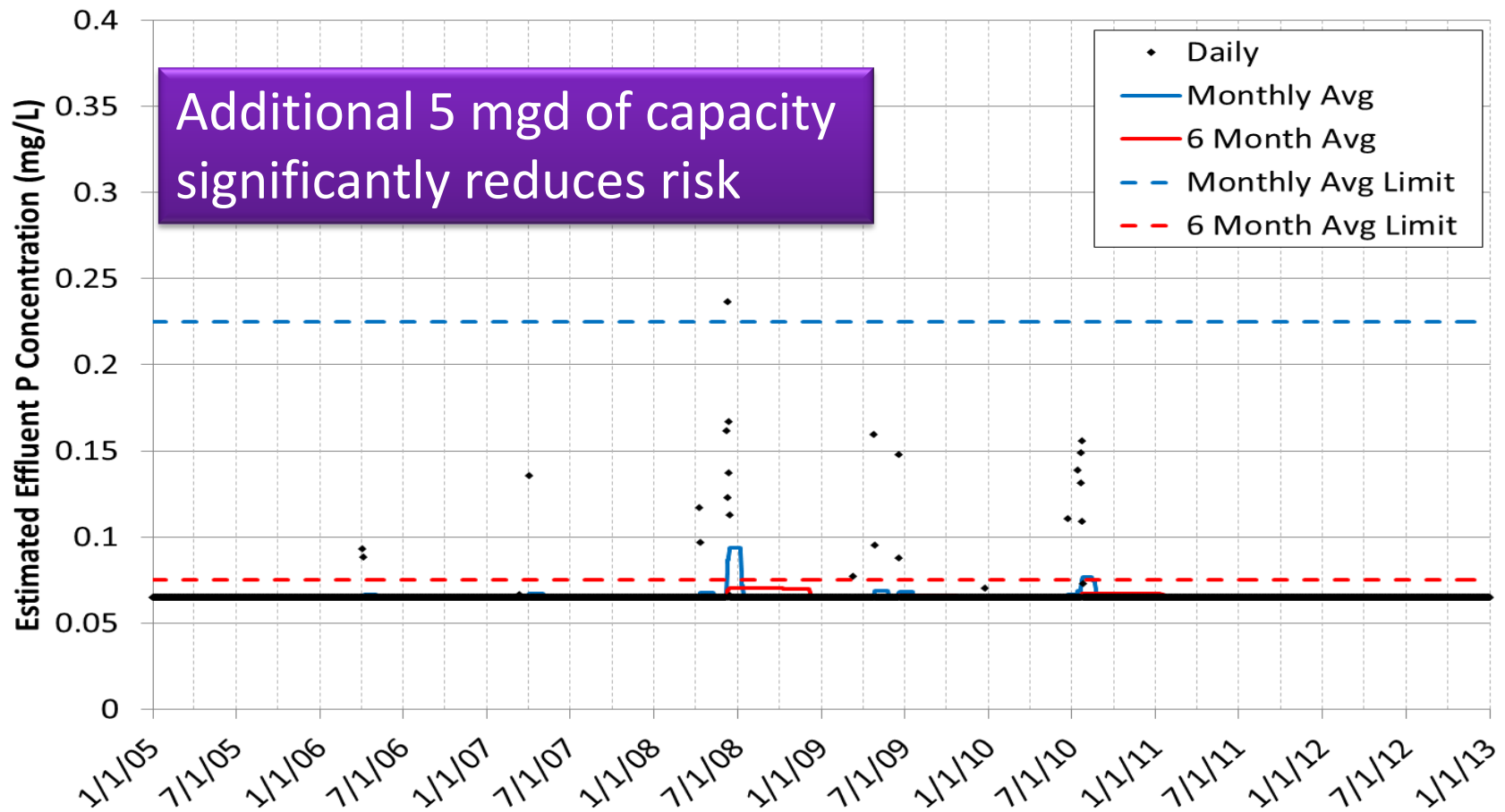
Daily Mass Balance

20 mgd Disc Filters at 0.065 mg/L P
and 16.2 mgd DBF at 0.3 mg/L P

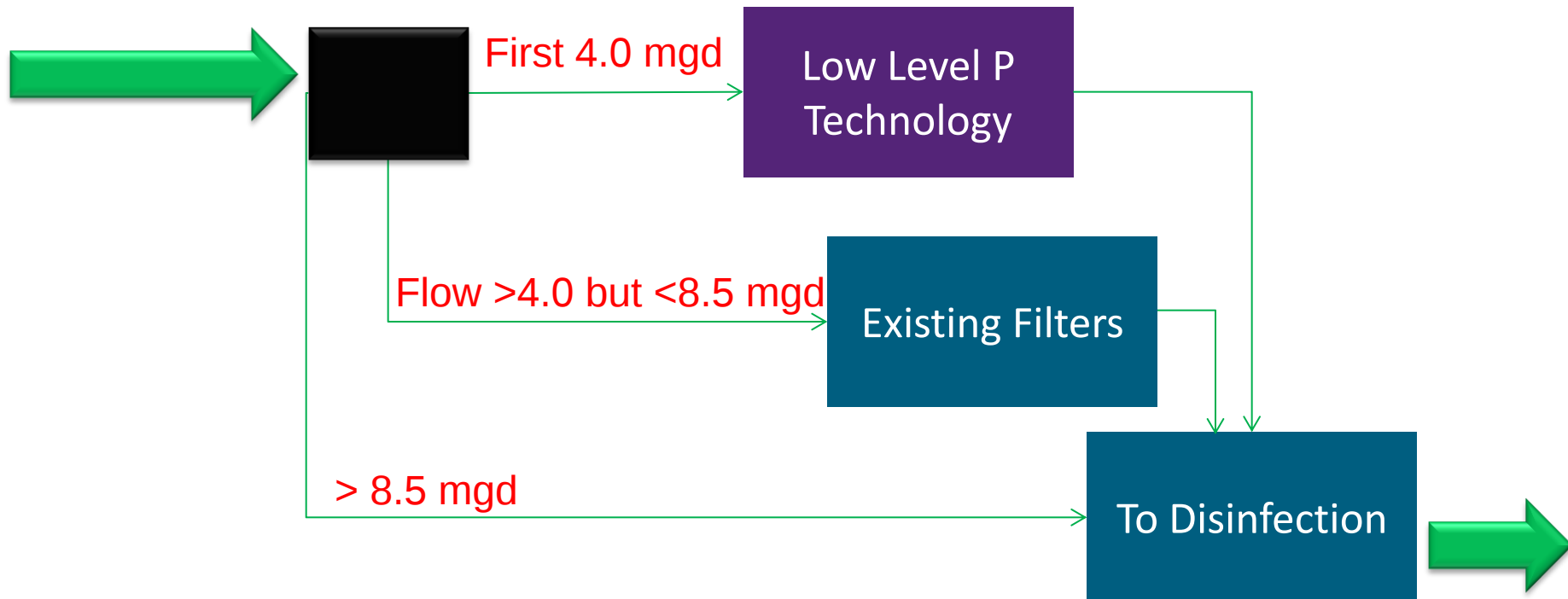


Daily Mass Balance

20 mgd Disc Filters at 0.065 mg/L P
and 16.2 mgd DBF at 0.3 mg/L P

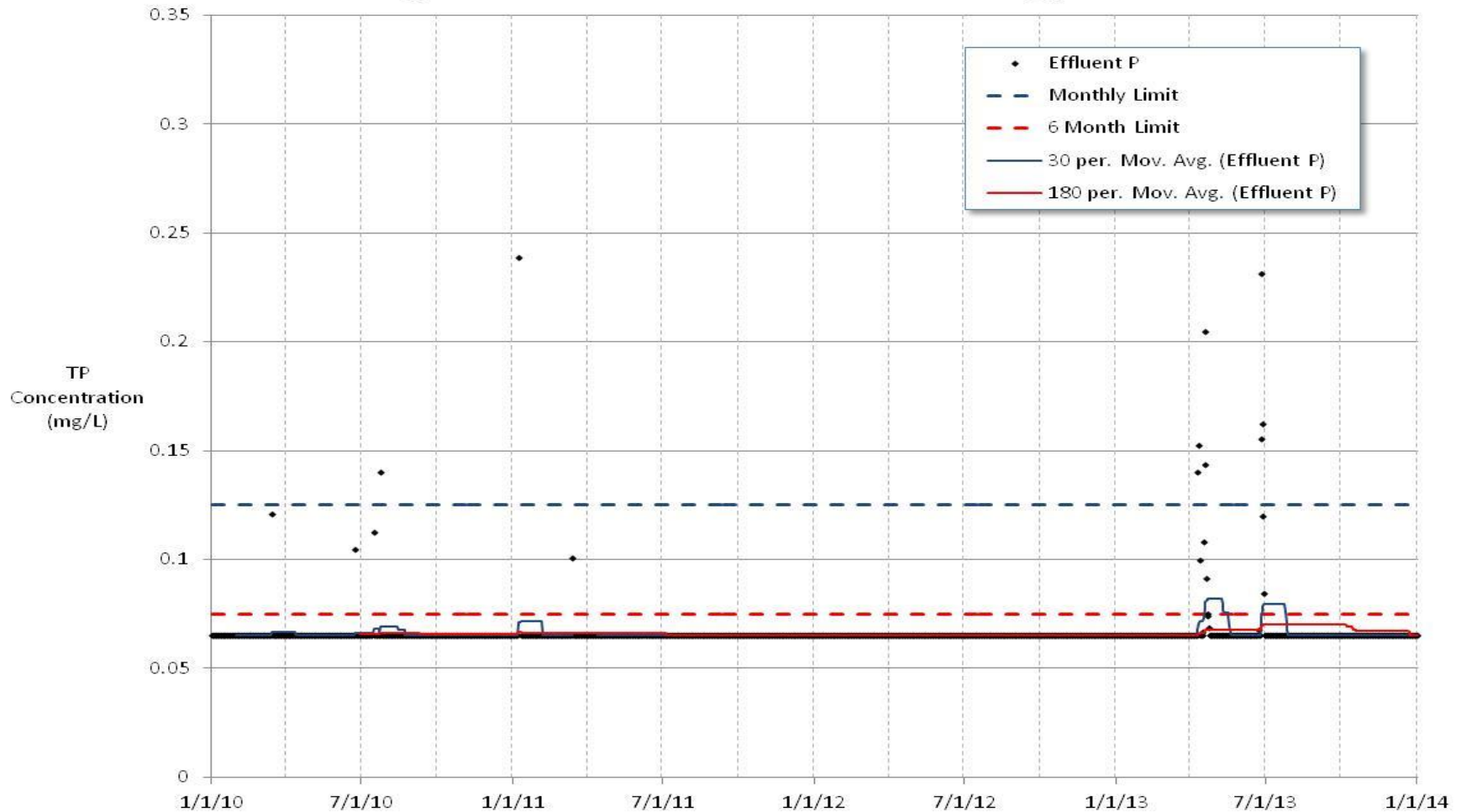


Whitewater



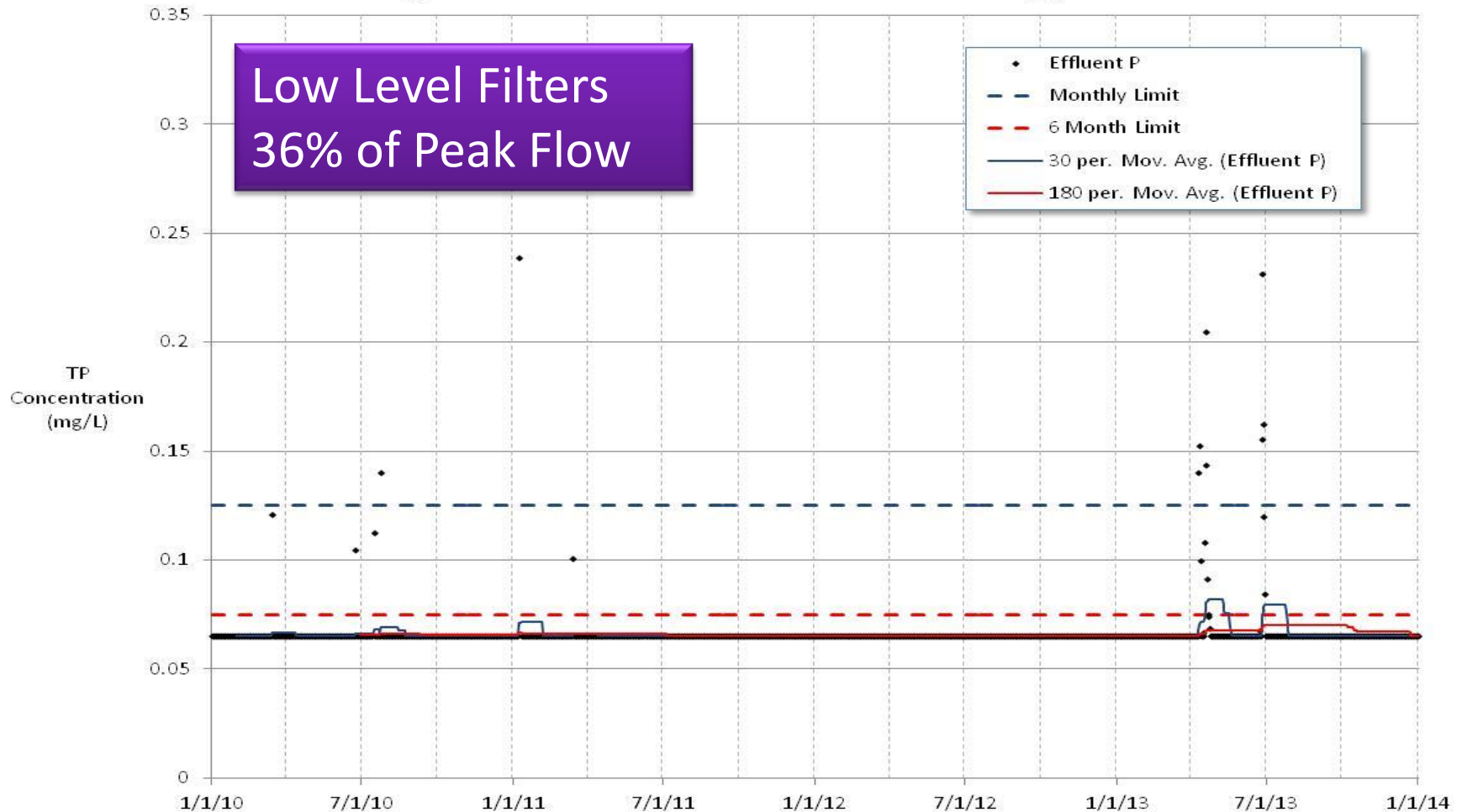
Whitewater Daily Mass Balance

4 mgd Low Level Filters at 0.06 mg/L P



Whitewater Daily Mass Balance

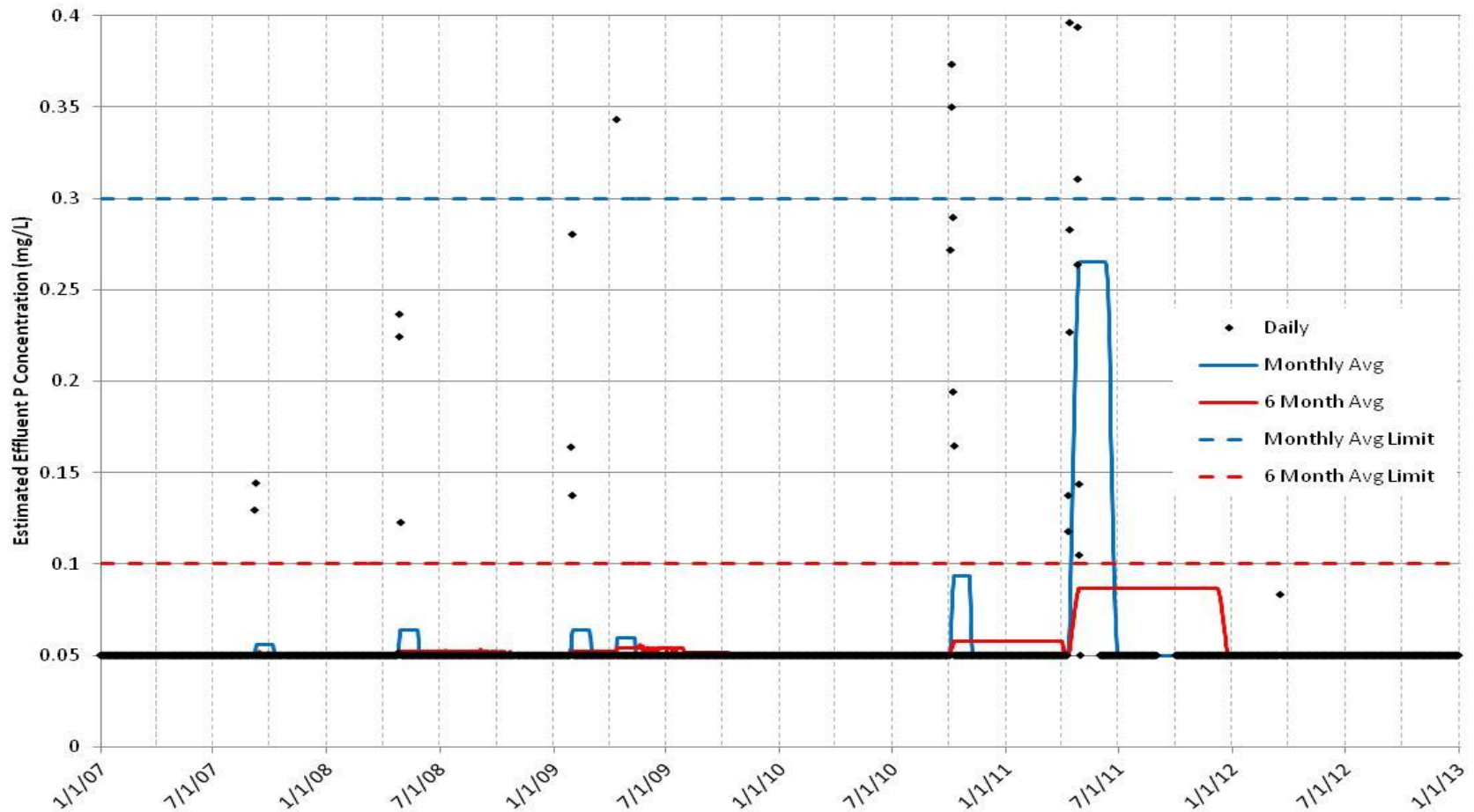
4 mgd Low Level Filters at 0.06 mg/L P



Cassville Daily Mass Balance

1.2 mgd Peak

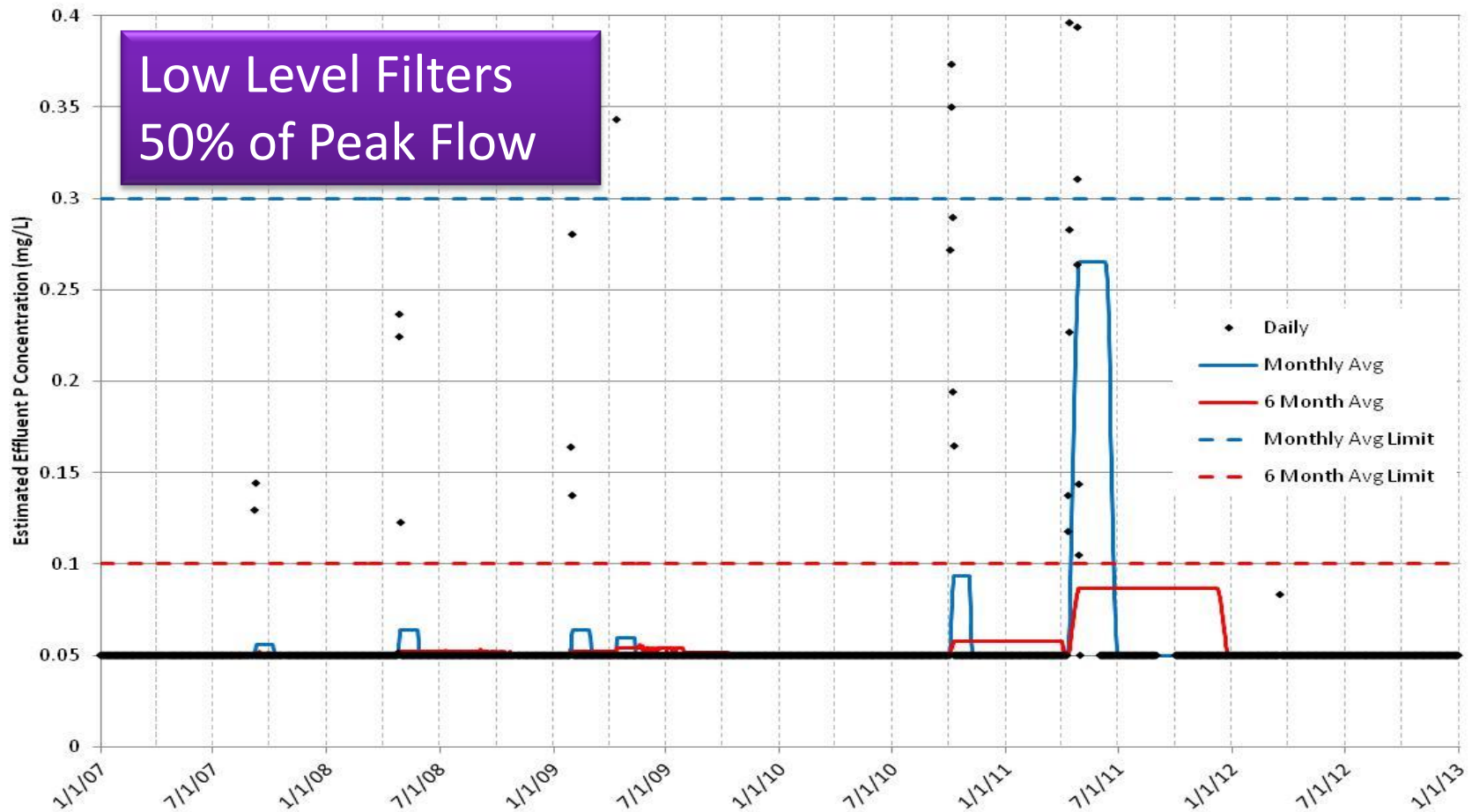
0.6 mgd Filtered at 0.05 mg/L Effluent P
0.6 mgd Filter Bypass at 1.0 mg/L Effluent P



Cassville Daily Mass Balance

1.2 mgd Peak

0.6 mgd Filtered at 0.05 mg/L Effluent P
0.6 mgd Filter Bypass at 1.0 mg/L Effluent P





takeaways...

Takeaways...

- 0.075 mg/L can be achieved!
- Filtration size is critical
 - How much capacity do you really need?
 - How much is 6 extra days of filtration a year worth?
 - Risk versus capital
- Interplay of right sizing filters and adaptive management

Questions?

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